

**Instruction Manual  
Model 1602  
Rolling Ball Viscometer**

Revision M- Hgdtwct{ 2016  
Part Number 1602-1D01

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# General Information

*Warning: Pressurized vessels and associated equipment are potentially dangerous. The apparatus described in this manual should be operated only by personnel trained in procedures that will assure safety to themselves, to innocent spectators, and to the equipment.*

*Use this instrument only in a well-ventilated room. Improper use with hydrogen sulfide or other hazardous fluids may result in personal injury or death from breaks, leaks or explosions. Keep oxygen close by and take all the safety precautions as described in this operating manual.*

## Introduction

Chandler Engineering's high pressure viscometer is a manual, time-measuring, instrument that operates on the principle of the measurement of time required for a rolling ball, affected by shear and pressure of the fluid, to travel a pre-determined distance at controlled conditions. It employs a rolling nickel ball for determining the dynamic viscosity of liquid-phase samples at constant temperatures and pressures. The ball is positioned inside the measuring barrel with the test fluid sample so that it is limited to only rolling type motion. An electronic timer records the time required for the ball to roll through the barrel.

The Chandler Engineering high pressure Rolling Ball Viscometer is a precision instrument used to determine the viscosity of bottom-hole and surface samples of reservoir oils at elevated temperatures and pressures to 10,000 psi at 300°F. Accurate and reproducible engineering data is obtainable, whether the specific application is to determine the viscosity of petroleum fluids at simulated reservoir conditions, or liquid phase viscosities at other predetermined pressures and temperatures. The samples measured must be electrically non-conductive.

The viscometer operates on a rolling-ball principle where the roll-time of a ¼-inch-diameter ball is used to obtain viscosity data. Viscosity values are then obtained by correlation of the measured data with curves of fluids with known viscosities and densities.

### Description

The viscometer consists of the mechanical test assembly (Drawing #1602-717) and control unit with clock (Drawing #1609-0017).

The Viscometer Cell Assembly (Drawing #1602-1) consists of a measuring barrel (Item #13) inside a heavy wall stainless steel pressure housing (Item #1). This barrel has a finely honed and lapped cylindrical bore in which a ¼-inch nickel ball rolls. A plug, containing the solenoid (Item #12), closes the housing on its upper end. A plug containing the bottom contact (Item #10) closes the lower end. The housing is equipped with electric heating elements (Item #2) clamped onto the pressure vessel (Item #1). Two high pressure valves (Item #16) protrude from the housing through the jacket to connect the equipment. The inlet and outlet openings in the housing are at the extreme top and bottom of the cavity when it is in the operating position.

The test assembly (Drawing #1602-717) consists of the instrument base (Item #1) with two "A" frames supporting the Viscometer Cell Assembly (Drawing #1602-1) so that it can be tilted in different positions. The base is equipped with leveling screws and a reference level vial.

The control unit with instrument panel (Drawing #1602-0017), contains all the necessary electrical equipment for operation. A lead from the unit connects to the appropriate power source for the supply of current. The test assembly and control unit are interconnected with multi-conductor cables having polarized plug-in connectors and receptacles. Two signal lights (Item #6); **Top** (lit when the ball makes contact at the top of the barrel) and **Bottom** (lit when the ball makes contact at the bottom of the barrel) indicate the different phases of the operating cycle. The **Power** switch (Item #7) controls the line current; the **Alarm** switch (Item #11) enables the audible alarm (Item #5); the **Timer Enable** switch (Item #36) enables the **Timer** and Position Sensing Circuit (Top / Bottom lights and Drop switch); and the **Drop** switch (Item #12) operates the solenoid.

## Features and Benefits

The measuring system consists of two main units: (1) the mechanical test assembly and (2) the auxiliary control unit with solid-state electronic circuitry. The following standard features are characteristic of the viscometer system:

- Digital time clock for measurements of falling (rolling) time of ball.
- Electric heating jacket control system for making measurements at accurately controlled temperatures. This eliminates the need for circulating hot water through coils or submerging the test assembly in a tank of hot oil or water. Operation of the instrument is therefore more efficient and safe.
- Leveling screws and vial are mounted on the base of the instrument for leveling the test assembly.

- A novel design is the utilization of a solenoid to hold the nickel ball at the top of the test assembly measuring barrel. The ball will not fall or roll through the fluid sample until the solenoid current is activated. Therefore, the human element in timing the ball roll-time is eliminated. The breaking of the electrical contact made when the ball is at the start of its travel starts the Timer and the contact made when the ball reaches the end of its travel stops the Timer.

In general, the instrument is most suitable for laboratory study of single-phase reservoir fluids (and of the liquid phase of a two-phase fluid) where high levels of repeatability are required. The samples measured must be electrically non-conductive.

## Storage

The viscometer and test assembly should be stored, when not in service, at room temperature. It is not an instrument for field service and should never be exposed over any extended periods of time to outdoor environments other than that required for transporting the instrument. Areas designated for storing the instrument should be kept dry, particularly where the control box and electrical components are maintained.

## Specifications

Maximum Working Pressure:	10,000 PSI
Proof Pressure:	15,000 PSI
Maximum Working Temperature:	300°F (150°C)
Power Requirement:	115V/2 amps, 230V/1 amp, single-phase, 50/60 Hz.
Warm-Up Time:	1 to 2 hours after operating, temperature has been set.
Fluid Capacity:	a) test chamber: 20cc b) gas chamber: 50cc
Roll Angles:	23°, 45° & 70°

## Safety Requirements

- Operator SHOULD avoid contact with the bare surface of the test assembly jacket when in operation.
- The instrument control box SHOULD NOT at any time be opened during operation. An unskilled person SHOULD NOT troubleshoot potentially dangerous equipment.
- Safety SHOULD NOT be assumed. The operator must keep in mind, even the most sophisticated instrument cannot think; (a) insulators do not always insulate, (b) conductors do not always conduct properly, (c) resistors do not always dissipate the required heat. For these reasons, the operator should carefully follow the outlined instructions of this manual and consult the manufacturer when specific questions arise.

*CAUTION: Exposure to H<sub>2</sub>S is potentially fatal. Use adequate safety procedures when handling H<sub>2</sub>S samples. Consult your safety department for proper procedures for handling H<sub>2</sub>S.*

Laboratory monitoring units are available from a number of suppliers. A few are listed below:

General Monitors  
Costa Mesa, CA 92626  
(714) 540-4895

Delphian Corporation  
Northvale, NJ 07647-1977  
(201) 767-7300

National Draeger Inc.  
P.O. Box 120-T  
Pittsburgh, PA 15230  
(412) 787-8383

Gemini Detectors, Inc.  
Houston, TX 77058  
(713) 488-1541



# Section 1 - Installation

## Unpacking the Instrument

*Note: Verify all parts listed on the packing slip have been shipped with the instrument. If parts are missing, contact Chandler Engineering.*

The viscometer base plate and A-frame should first be removed from the shipping crate, and assembled. A check to make sure the leveling vial is in working condition is advisable at this time. It is suggested the box and packing material be retained for future use.



# Section 2 - Operation

## Basic Principle

In the rolling-ball viscometer, the time it takes a metal ball to roll from one end of a fluid-filled tube to the other is an indication of the viscosity for the fluid. Mathematically this is expressed as:

$$\mu = \frac{(\rho_B - \rho_F)gR^2 \sin \theta}{v_\infty}$$

Where,

$\mu$	=	Dynamic Viscosity
$\rho_B$	=	Density of the ball
$\rho_F$	=	Density of the fluid
$g$	=	Acceleration due to gravity
$R$	=	Diameter of the ball
$\theta$	=	Angle of the measuring barrel
$v_\infty$	=	Velocity normal to the Earth in the down direction Defined as distance over time ( $d / t$ )

For a given set of tests, the distance variable of the velocity term, along with  $g$ ,  $R$  and  $\theta$ , remain constant. Therefore, the above equation can be conveniently expressed as follows:

$$\mu = K t (\rho_B - \rho_F)$$

Where  $K$  is a constant unique to the set of tests.

From the above equation it can be seen that for a constant ball and fluid density ( $\rho_B - \rho_F$ ), the viscosity ( $\mu$ ) is directly proportional to the ball roll-time ( $t$ ). Effectively, the ball is forced down the tube due to gravitational effects at a rate dependent upon the fluid viscosity and the difference between the density of the ball and that of the fluid. Any increase in fluid density reduces the effect of gravity acting on the ball. The ball will correspondingly fall more slowly (an increase of the  $t$  term), and indicates a higher viscosity value. Conversely, as the density term diminishes to zero, the viscosity value also approaches zero.

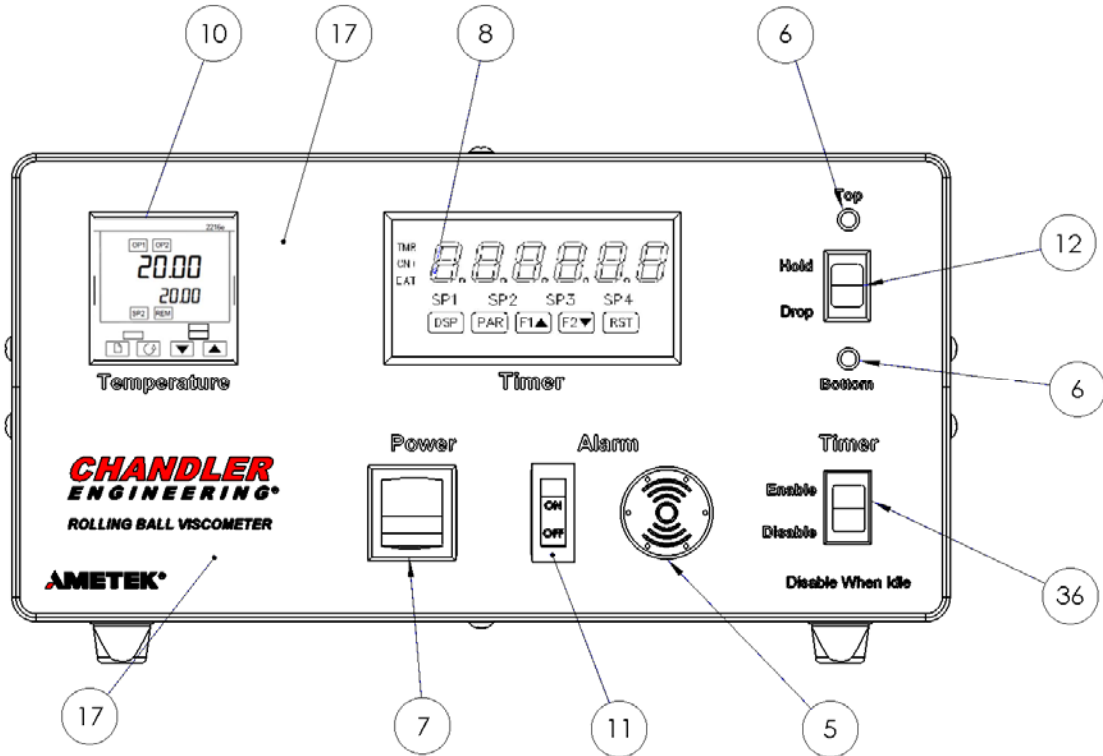


Figure 1 - FRONT PANEL

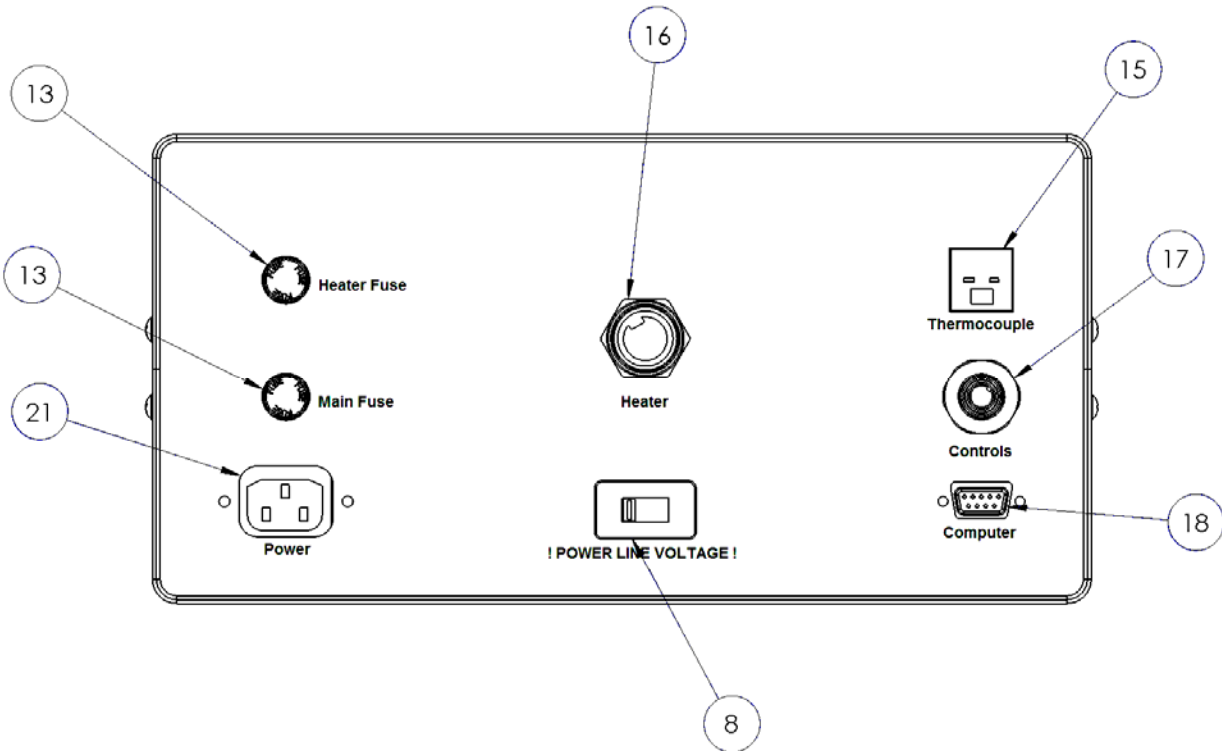


Figure 2 - REAR PANEL

## Component Function & Location

Front Panel (See Figure 1)

Item	Description	Function
10	Temperature	PID Temperature Controller. Used to control the temperature of the test assembly. Also displays the current temperature of the test assembly.
8	Timer	Elapsed Timer. Numerically displays roll-time in seconds.
6	Top (indicator)	Illuminates when the ball makes contact at the top of the measuring barrel.
6	Bottom (indicator)	Illuminates when the ball makes contact at the end of the measuring barrel. This signal will stop the Timer.
12	Drop (rocker switch)	Used to apply power to the coil.
36	Timer Enable (rocker switch)	Enables the Timer and Position Sensing Circuit.
11	Alarm (rocker switch)	Alarm Switch is used to enable / disable item #5.
5	Alarm	Provides the operator with an audible alarm when the ball has ended its roll through the barrel.
7	Power (rocker switch)	Main power switch; used to energize the system and test assembly.

## Rear Panel (See Figure 2)

<b>Item</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Function</b>
13	Heater Fuse (Fuse Holder)	Contains the in-line fuse protecting the Heaters.
13	Main Fuse (Fuse Holder)	Contains the in-line fuse protecting the internal electronics.
16	Heater (4-pin Female Connector)	Junction for the connection of the heaters.
15	Thermocouple	Connector to the thermocouple used as a temperature sensor for the system.
17	Controls (5-pin Female Connector)	Junction for the system main control cable.
18	Computer (9-pin Male Connector)	Junction for configuration of Temperature Controller.
8	Power Line Voltage	Voltage selector switch; reconfigures the heaters to be in series (for 230V operation) or parallel (for 115V operation).
21	Power	Power inlet connector; also suppresses power line noise.

Test Assembly (See Drawing #1602-1)

Item	Description	Function
16	Valve	High pressure needle valve used to for Test Fluid Inlet / Outlet and to pressurize and evacuate the pressure housing.
12	Coil / Sensor Assy.	Portion on the solenoid and barrel valve that contains the coil windings. Provides the magnetic field required to hold and release the ball.
10	Lower Contact Assy.	Used as an automatic switching device for stopping the clock, illuminating the Bottom light and sounding the alarm when the ball has ended its roll through the measuring barrel.
13	Measuring Barrel	Used to contain the sample fluid and the measuring ball during operation.
2	Cylinder Heaters	Provides overall heat input for system.

## Operation

1. Choose the correct ball size. This can be done by examining the sample fluid. If the fluid viscosity is estimated to be below 25 centipoise (above 25° API), a .252-inch or .248-inch diameter ball should be used. Above 25 centipoise (below 25° API), the .234-inch diameter ball will be appropriate. The balls are not interchangeable and must be kept separate.
2. Clean the test assembly. Since the barrel, ball and inner chamber must be completely free of dirt and lint, care should be taken to ensure a clean test assembly before undertaking any measurements. A light oil and thin paper should be used to clean the ball and chamber.
3. Place the ball into the empty measuring barrel while in a horizontal position. Slowly raise the barrel from horizontal and allow the ball to gently roll to the bottom. Do NOT allow the ball to free-fall through an empty measuring barrel as damage to the bottom contact point may occur.
4. Evacuate the test assembly. This is done by opening the vacuum pump valve at the upper end of the unit and closing the charging valve.
5. Charge the test sample fluid to the viscometer. The vacuum valve should be closed while the high pressure charging valve should now be opened.
6. Rock the test assembly to obtain a single-phase sample. A mixing device called the "Slip Ring Mixer" is installed to facilitate the effort. Effectively, the task is completed when pressure fluctuations of the sample have ended and consistent Roll Times are obtained. Particularly in the case of heavy fluids, a bubble trapped under the ball will sometimes hinder it from free-fall. The surface tension of the oil prevents the bubble from passing between the confines of the barrel and ball; the bubble thus reduces the weight of the ball and lengthens its roll-time or might prevent electrical contact entirely.
7. The **Power Line Voltage** switch must be set BEFORE turning on the main **Power** switch. Set the desired temperature on the temperature controller (this is done by pressing the Up and Down arrows). The **OP 1** light will flash to indicate the proper temperature cycling. During heating, it is very important that the **Timer Enable** switch be in the **Diable** position. It is also very important that the chamber be open to a pressure control system. Allow one hour after the temperature set point has been reached for the test unit and sample to reach thermal equilibrium. Once the desired temperature and pressure has stabilized, rock the test assembly several times to homogenize the sample and then close the charging valve.
8. Enable the Timer, Hold / Drop switch and Position Sensing Circuit with the **Timer Enable** toggle switch in the **Enable** position. Bring the ball into the **TOP** position at the upper end of the measuring barrel by rotating the receptacle arm handle (See Drawing #1602-717: Item #3). The handle should be rotated towards the upper end of the test unit until the 180° stop assembly engages with the stop lug mounted on the test unit. The **Top** indicator will illuminate when the ball has travelled through the length of the barrel and made contact with the Coil / Sensor Assembly. At this time, the appropriate resolution of

- the timer may be determined. The Timer has a 6-digit display with a default resolution of 0.001 seconds; this setting yields a maximum test time of approximately 16 minutes and 40 seconds. If the ball takes longer than this to fall from the bottom to the top, adjust the resolution of the Timer (refer to manufacturers' manual for instructions).
9. The test unit is then returned to the operating position.
  10. Zero the clock by pushing the **RST** button on the **Timer** (the clock will also automatically re-zero when the **Hold / Drop** switch is switched to the **Drop** position).
  11. Release the ball by toggling the **Drop** switch to the **Drop** position. The **Timer** will start and the **Top** light will turn off. When the ball makes contact at the end of the roll, the **Timer** stops, the **Alarm** sounds and the **Bottom** light illuminates. Return the **Hold / Drop** switch to the **Hold** position.

## Operating Tips

- The Rolling Ball Viscometer detects the position of the ball because the ball completes the circuit between each Contact Point and the Measuring Barrel. If the Sample Fluid is mildly conductive (for example, if water is present) a small amount of current can flow from the Contact Point through the Sample Fluid to the Measuring Barrel. This current can cause corrosion to occur on the Contact Point. The **Timer Enable** switch removes this electrical potential from the Test Assembly. The **Timer Enable** switch should be in the **Disable** position while the unit is heating or is otherwise idle (for example, when the unit is left on overnight).
- When the **Timer Enable** switch is in the **Disable** position, the ball will still fall if the **Hold / Drop** switch is moved to the **Drop** position; however, the **Timer** will not start. Likewise, the **Top** and **Bottom** indicators will not change when the ball arrives at each end of the Test Assembly. If an indicator is on when the **Timer** is disabled, the indicator will stay on.
- The ball is held at the Top by a permanent magnet in the Coil Assembly. When the **Hold / Drop** switch is in the **Drop** position, the solenoid in the Coil Assembly is activated. This pulls the permanent magnet away from the ball and the ball falls. The permanent magnet must be held away from the ball for a sufficient amount of time such that the falling ball is not hindered by the magnet returning to the Hold position. Chandler Engineering recommends that the **Hold / Drop** switch be in the **Drop** position for the entire Fall time. However, the Coil Assembly does produce heat when active and this can affect the viscosity of the sample (especially at lower temperatures).

## Calibration

As stated previously, operation of the Chandler Engineering Rolling Ball Viscometer is based on the following equation:

$$\mu = K t (\rho_B - \rho_F)$$

Where,

$\mu$	=	Dynamic Viscosity
$K$	=	Calibration Constant
$t$	=	Roll Time
$\rho_B$	=	Density of the Ball
$\rho_F$	=	Density of the Fluid

The Calibration Constant ( $K$ ) is dependent upon the size of the ball, the angle of the measuring barrel and the vertical distance travelled. Therefore, everything else being equal, the value of  $K$  varies with each ball and roll angle. A calibration should be conducted for each individual ball used at each measuring angle.

Chandler Engineering recommends an annual “spot check” of the Calibration Constant for each ball used, at each angle and at least three (3) temperatures. A simple “spot check” procedure would be to measure the viscosity of a Viscosity Standard. A full calibration should also be performed if any critical component (the ball, Measuring Barrel, Coil Assembly, Lower Contact Assembly, control cable or Control Box) is replaced.

### Calibration Procedure

One or more Viscosity Standards (fluids of known density and viscosity at test temperatures) should be used. A roll-time mean is taken from at least five consecutive and consistent readings at each desired Roll Angle. All calibrating tests are done at atmospheric pressure unless a different pressure is indicated with the data sheet from the Viscosity Standard.

1. Choose the correct ball size. If the viscosity of the Viscosity Standard is below 25 centipoise (above 25° API), a .252- or .248-inch diameter ball should be used. Above 25 centipoise (below 25° API), the .234-inch diameter ball will be appropriate. The balls are not interchangeable and must be kept separate.
2. Check and record the diameter and density of the selected ball.
3. Select a Test Temperature. For best results, a temperature listed on the Calibration Report provided with the Viscosity Standard should be used.
4. Clean the test assembly. Since the barrel, ball and inner chamber must be completely free of dirt and lint, care should be taken to ensure a clean test assembly before undertaking any measurements. A light oil and thin paper should be used to clean the ball and chamber.
5. Place the ball into the empty measuring barrel while in a horizontal position. Slowly raise the barrel from horizontal and allow the ball to gently roll to the bottom. Do NOT allow

- the ball to free-fall through an empty measuring barrel as damage to the bottom contact point may occur.
6. Fill the viscometer with the Viscosity Standard. Rock the test assembly to obtain a single-phase sample.
  7. Set the temperature controller to the desired test temperature. Allow one hour after the set point has been reached to allow the temperature to balance throughout the unit.
  8. Run several roll tests until at least five (5) consecutive and consistent roll times are obtained at each measuring angle: 70°, 45°, and 23°.
  9. Repeat steps 7 and 8 above for each desired test temperature.
  10. Select as many different Viscosity Standards as required and repeat the above procedure.
  11. Compute the mean roll time for each set of roll times (i.e. for each combination of ball, measuring angle, Viscosity Standard and temperature).
  12. Divide the known viscosity of the Viscosity Standard by the product of the mean roll time and the difference in density of the selected ball and that of the Viscosity Standard; this is the Calibration Constant. Tables similar to the one below may facilitate this process.

<b>Test Temperature</b>	<b>°F</b>		
<b>Roll Angle (circle one)</b>	<b>23°</b>	<b>45°</b>	<b>70°</b>
<b>Density of Ball (<math>\rho_B</math>)</b>	<b>g/cc</b>		
<b>Density of Fluid (<math>\rho_F</math>)</b>	<b>g/cc</b>		
<b><math>\Delta\rho</math> (<math>\rho_B - \rho_F</math>)</b>	<b>g/cc</b>		
<b>Viscosity of Standard at Temperature (<math>\mu</math>)</b>	<b>cP</b>		
<b>Mean Roll Time (<math>t</math>)</b>	<b>s</b>		
<b>Calibration Constant <math>K = \mu / (t \times \Delta\rho)</math></b>			



## Section 3 - Maintenance

### Protection of the Contact Point

Based on experimental observations, a sharp point on the contact assembly provides a better circuit continuity than any other form. Therefore, every effort should be made to protect the point from possible damages by the ball after normal duty cycles of the system. The ball should not be allowed to fall freely against the point in the absence of fluid in the test assembly. Although the contact point contains a hardened insert, repeated pounding by a freely falling ball will eventuallypeen the point flat.

A periodic examination, compatible with the user operating schedule, of the contact point under a suitable lens should be conducted. Similarly, the nickel ball should also be periodically checked for apparent damages.

### Cleaning Test Assembly

The test assembly should be kept clean at all times. It should be cleaned before and after operation. Thin oil with a thin paper may be used for this purpose. The measuring barrel and body inner chamber must be thoroughly stroked with the cleaning agent, making sure that any sample fluid films are not left on the walls. Use of an in-line filter is also recommended to facilitate the overall effort.

### Care of the Thermocouple

The expected accuracy in measuring the temperature of any object or space primarily depends upon how closely the measuring junction of the thermocouple can be brought to the temperature of the object or space. The greater the difference in temperature at steady conditions, the less accurate the temperature measurement will be. The viscometer thermocouple has been installed with adequate clamping devices such that faulty junction connections should not occur under normal use and handling of the assembly. However, submission of the thermocouple wires to tension beyond that required at the time of installation should be avoided, as this may cause a faulty connection between the junction and the body.

Thermocouple wires should always be electrically insulated along its length and maintained as dry as much as possible. Before attempting to change a thermocouple, it is suggested the user refer to the manufacturers instructions of this manual or consult with the supplier for specific details.



## Section 4 – Replacement Parts

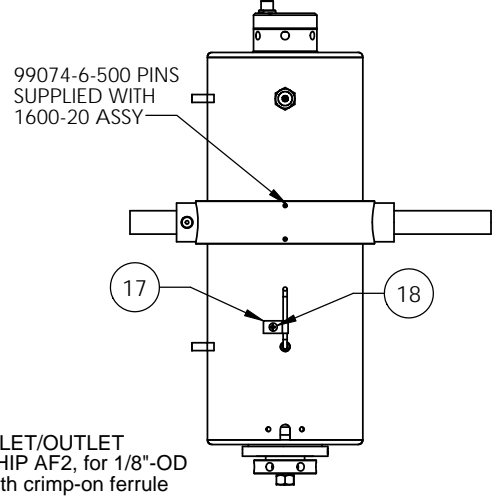
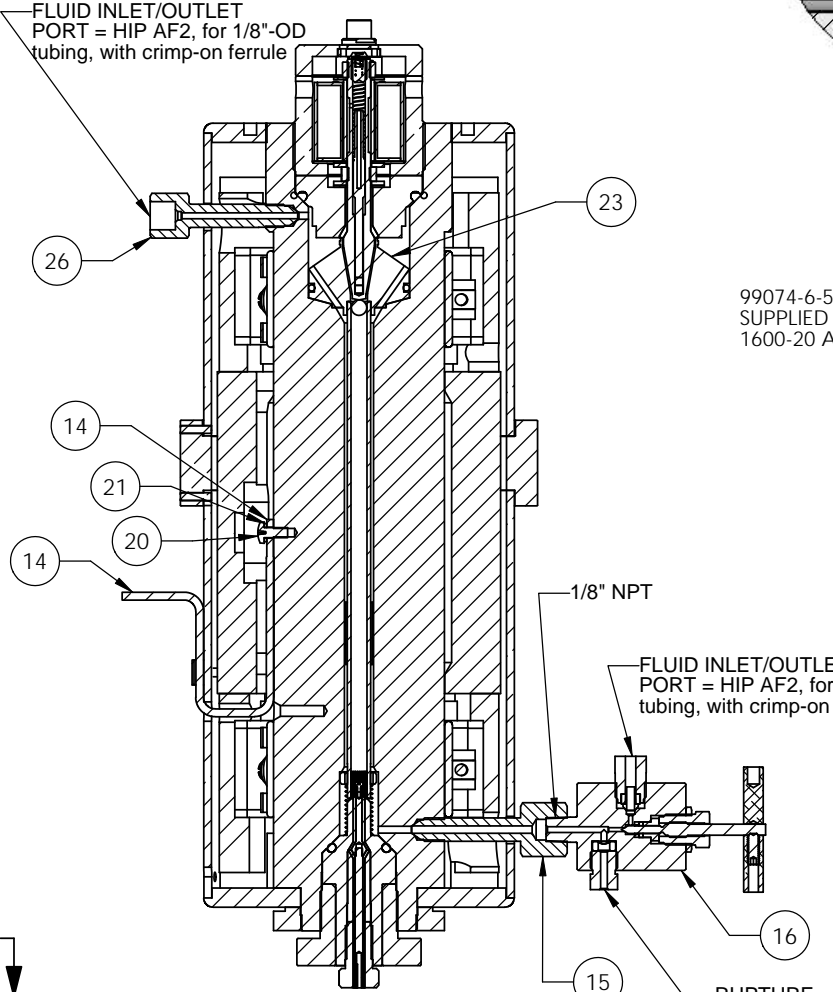
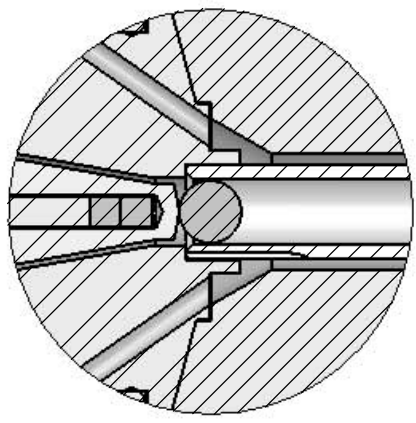
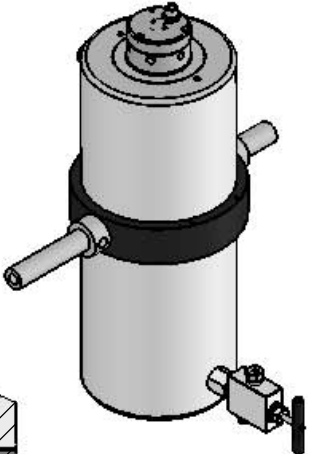
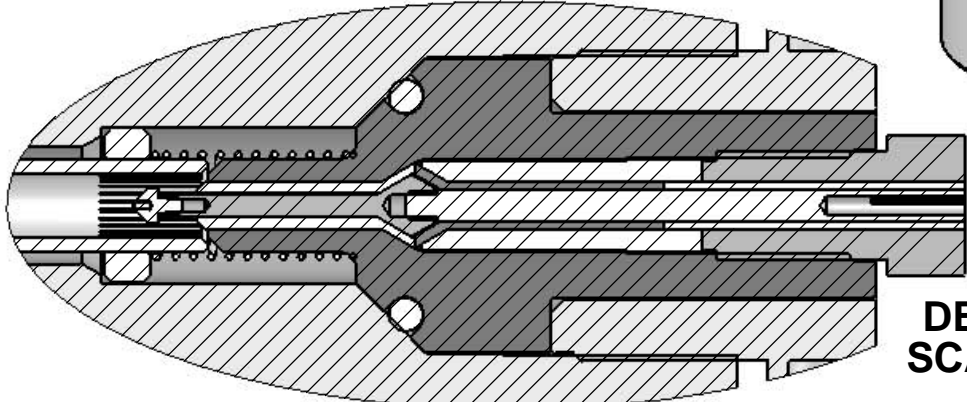
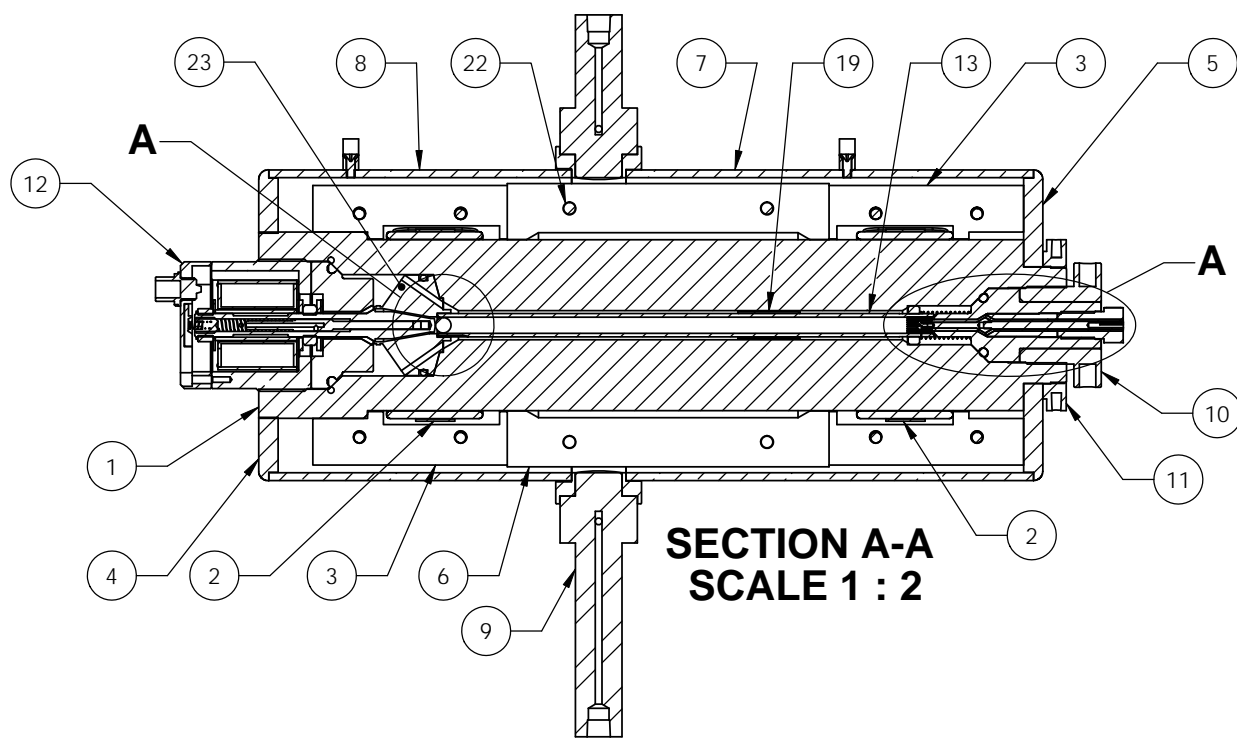
Part Number	Description
1600-1-25	Insulation, Upper Contact
1600-1-26	Insulation, Middle Contact
1600-1-33	Ring, Jacket Lock
1600-1-42	Spring Stop
1600-1-47	Spring, 180°F
1600-16-10	Spring, Barrel
1600-16-28	Nut, Contact Packing
1600-16-69	Mixer, Slip Ring
1600-18	Plunger Assembly
1600-21	Barrel Assembly
1600-22	Contact Point Holder
1600-79	Solenoid Assembly
1602-1-3	Cap
1602-1-4	Cover
1602-1-9	Heat Dissipater
2000-4	Angle Needle Valve Assembly
32-120	Heater, 300W, 120 VAC
32-121	Heater, 300W, 240 VAC
54-905-210	O-ring, Buna, 90D
54-905-223	O-ring, National, 90D



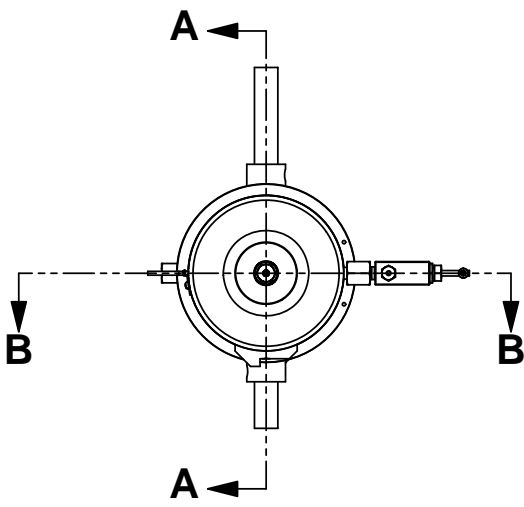
## Section 5 - Drawings and Schematics

Drawing Number	Title
1602-1	Viscometer Cell Assembly
1602-0003P	Procedure, RBV- Eurotherm Controller Setup
1602-0004P	Procedure, Control Box Setup and Test
1602-0017	Control Box Assembly
1602-0020	Control Box Schematic
1602-0039	Coil/Sensor Assembly
1602-717	Mechanical Test Assembly
1602-830	Viscometer Test Assembly

REVISIONS				
ZONE	REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
	M	ECN T3276: IMPROVED DESIGN OF 1602-0050, REVERSED PORT LOCATIONS ON 1600-0020	9/2/2010	JJM
	N	ECN T4020: ITEM 15 WAS QTY. 2, ITEM 16 WAS QTY. 2, AND ADDED ITEM 26	7/28/11	DAH



ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	1602-16-1	BODY,CELL-HPV	1
2	32-120	HEATER,WATLOW 300W	2
3	1602-0034	INSULATING JACKET ASSEMBLY	2
4	1602-1-3	CAP - VISCOMETER	1
5	1602-1-4	COVER,BOT-VISCOSIMETER	1
6	1602-1-9	HEAT DISSIPATOR	1
7	1602-2	SOLDER ASSY, LONG	1
8	1602-4	HEATR,JKT,SLDR ASY,LG-HIPRVISC	1
9	1600-20	TRUNNION ASSY	1
10	1602-0032	LOWER CONTACT ASSY	1
11	1600-1-33	RING,JACKETLOCK - HI PRS VISC	1
12	1602-0039	COIL/SENSOR ASSEMBLY	1
13	1600-15	ASSY, BARREL	1
14	C12237	THERMOCOUPLE,K,BLT WSHR STYLE	1
15	1602-0023	COUPLING, HIGH PRESSURE	1
16	C13236	VALVE,ANGLE,RUP DISK,10KSI,SS	1
17	13-582	CLAMP,HALF,STL,1/8"DIA	1
18	70-128-501	RHMS 6-32 X 1/4 SS	1
19	1600-16-69	SLIP RING MIXER	1
20	H-8011	SCREW,BHMS,SS,8-32X0.375	1
21	H-8001	WASHER,LOCK,SS,#8	1
22	C10442	SCREW,SHCS,SS,10-24X1.500,AL	4
23	1602-0050	RETAINER, TUBE	1
25	C11258	ORING,VITON,2-127-V75	1
26	1602-1203	ADAPTER,LONG,1/8AF2-3/16FLR,SS	1



QTY. REQD.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL SPEC.	ITEM
	1602-717			
	NEXT ASSY	USED ON		
	APPLICATION			
	BREAK SHARP EDGES, DEBURR	APPROVALS	DATE	
		DRAWN: TDM	8/1/08	
		CHECKED: JJM	05/17/09	
		ENGR.: JJM	05/17/09	

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS IN INCHES		<b>CHANDLER ENGINEERING</b> TITLE <b>CELL ASSEMBLY, RBV</b>	
TOLERANCES:			
1 PLACE	±0.030		
2 PLACE	±0.010		
3 PLACE	±0.005		
ANGLES	±1/2°		
SURF. FINISH	✓		
SIZE	C	DWG NO.	1602-1
SCALE:	1:4	TITLE BLOCK REV:	2.0
		REV.	N
		SHEET:	1 of 2

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TITLE: Procedure, 1602 RBV Eurotherm Setup

Revision	Date	Revised By	Description	Checked By
F	5/10/10	BW	ECN T2959	AMH
G	6/1/2010	BW	ECN T3014	TC

**PURPOSE:** This document lists all of the parameters that are changed from the factory default on the Eurotherm Temperature controller used on the Model 1602 Rolling Ball Viscometer. This document also includes select pages from the Eurotherm Installation and Operation Handbook. These parameters can be loaded using the Eurotherm iTools program; Use the 1602-DegF\_RevA file in the S:\DCI Test Lab\Controller Config Files folder.

The following parameters are set in the “Operation” Lists. See the attached Navigation Diagram and Parameter Tables or Chapter 1 “Operation” (pages 1-14 through 1-21) of the Eurotherm Installation and Operation Handbook.

**HOME LIST:** No Changes

**ALARM LIST:** No Changes

**AUTOTUNE LIST:** No Changes

**PID LIST:**

Display	Description	Units	Value
Pb	Proportional Band	as display	20 (°F) OR 11 (°C)
ti	Integral Time	seconds	840
td	Derivative Time	seconds	202

**SETPOINT LIST:**

Display	Description	Units	Value
SP1.L	Setpoint 1 low limit	As display range	32 (°F) OR 0 (°C)
SP1.H	Setpoint 1 high limit	As display range	300 (°F) OR 150 (°C)

**INPUT LIST:** No Changes

**OUTPUT LIST:**

Display	Description	Units	Value
OP.Hi	High (power) output limit	%	40

**Communication List:** No Changes

**Access List:** No Changes – used to enter different Access Levels (see below).

The following parameters are set in the “Configuration” Lists. See the attached Navigation Diagram and Parameter Tables or Chapter 5 “Configuration” (pages 5-4 through 5-13) of the Eurotherm Installation and Operation Handbook. For instructions on how to access these parameters, see attached (Selecting Configuration Level) or pages 5-2 and 5-3 of the Eurotherm Installation and Operation Handbook.

**Instrument Configuration List:**

Display	Description	Value
Unit	Instrument Units	°F or °C as desired

**Input Configuration List:**

Display	Description	Value
InPt	Input Type	k.tc
rnG.L	Input Range Low	32 (°F) OR 0 (°C)
rnG.H	Input Range High	350 (°F) OR 175 (°C)

TITLE: Procedure, 1602 RBV Eurotherm Setup

Revision	Date	Revised By	Description	Checked By
F	5/10/10	BW	ECN T2959	AMH
G	6/1/2010	BW	ECN T3014	TC

**User Calibration Configuration List:** No Changes

**Alarms Configuration List:** No Changes

**Communications Configuration List:**

Display	Description	Value
bAud	Baud Rate	19.2

**Output 1 Configuration List:**

Display	Description	Value
id	Identity of module installed	LoG
Func	Function	HEAt

**Output 2 Configuration List:** No Changes

**Output 3 Configuration List:** No Changes

**Password Configuration List:** No Changes

### 5.1 SELECTING CONFIGURATION LEVEL

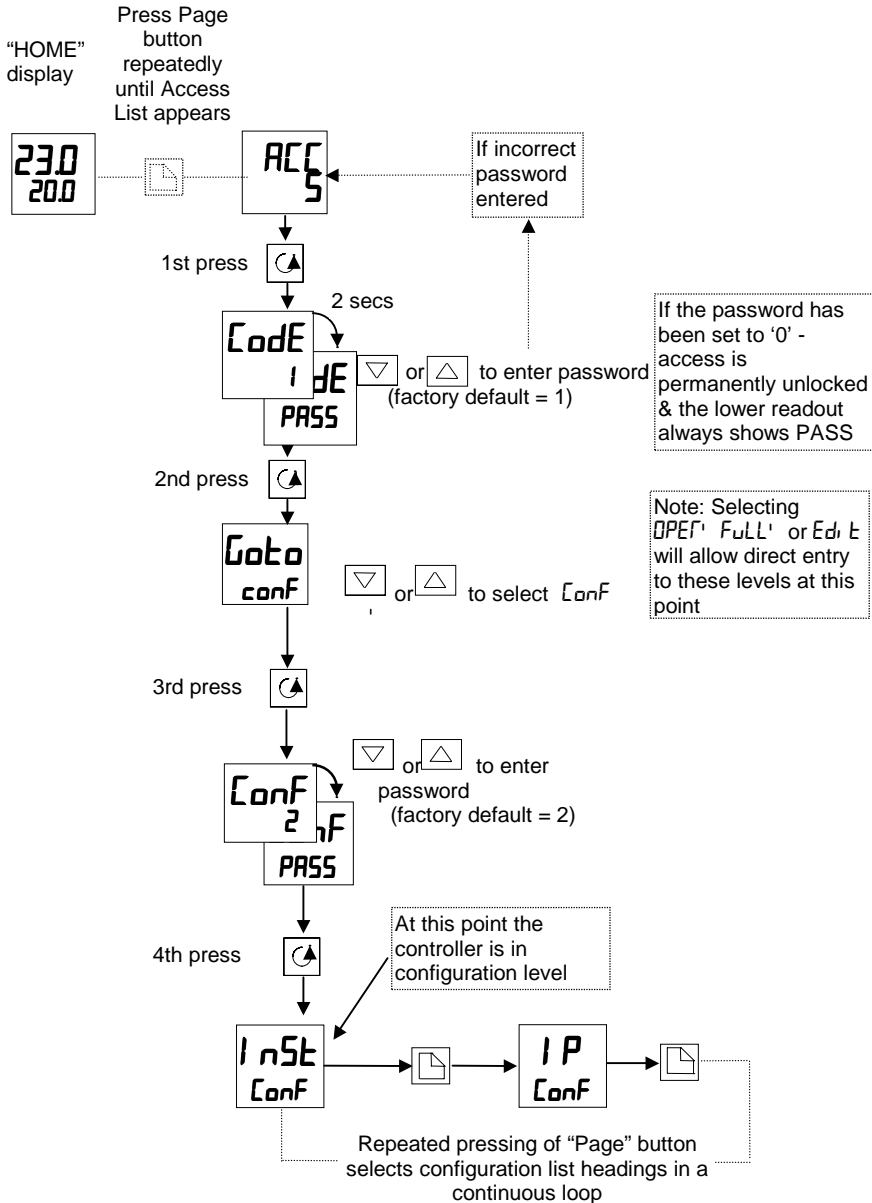


Figure 5.1

## 5.2 SELECTING A CONFIGURATION PARAMETER

(continued from previous page)

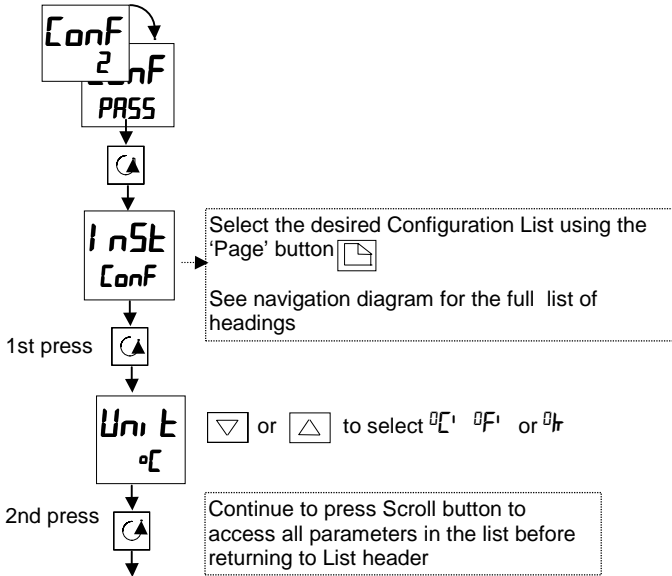


Figure 5.2

## 5.3 LEAVING CONFIGURATION LEVEL

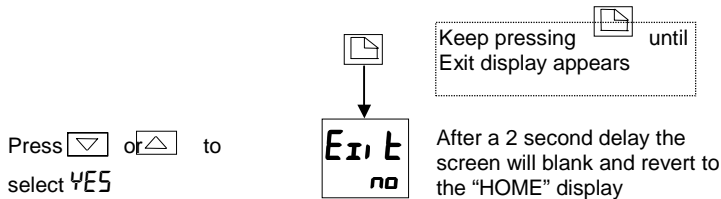
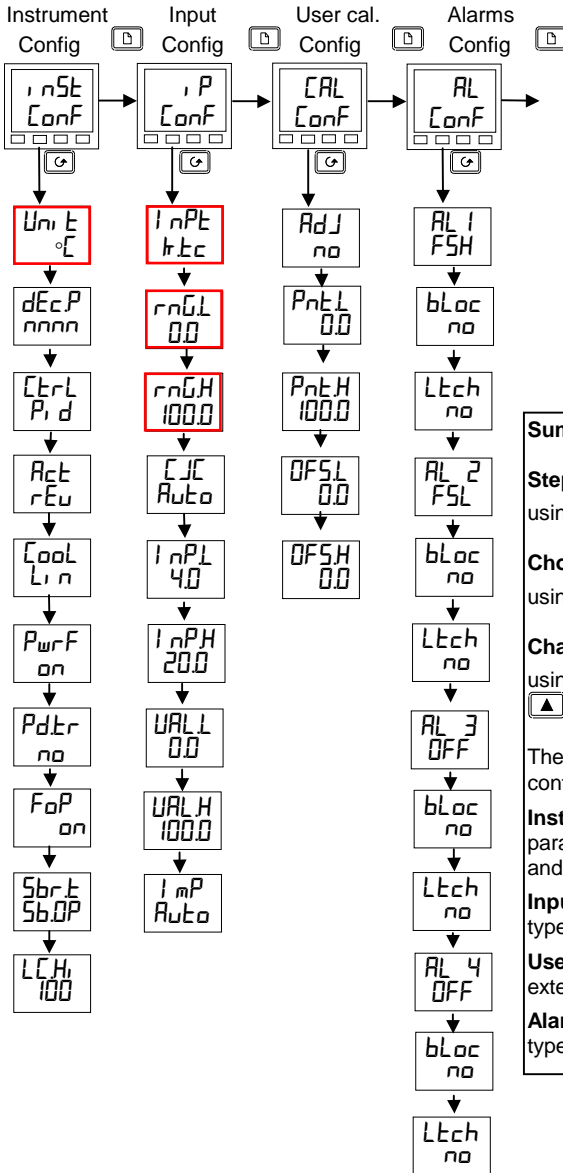


Figure 5.3

## 5.4 STEPS INVOLVED IN CONFIGURING A CONTROLLER

The navigation diagram which follows shows the general location of parameters which define the way in which the controller works. They are grouped under headings. The actual parameters shown in your controller may differ slightly since some appear only as a result of selecting others. A full list of possibilities is included in the PARAMETER TABLES which follow the navigation diagram.

**5.5 NAVIGATION DIAGRAM (PART A)**



**Summary**

**Step through List Headers**  
using the 'Page' button

**Choose a parameter from a list**  
using the 'Scroll' button

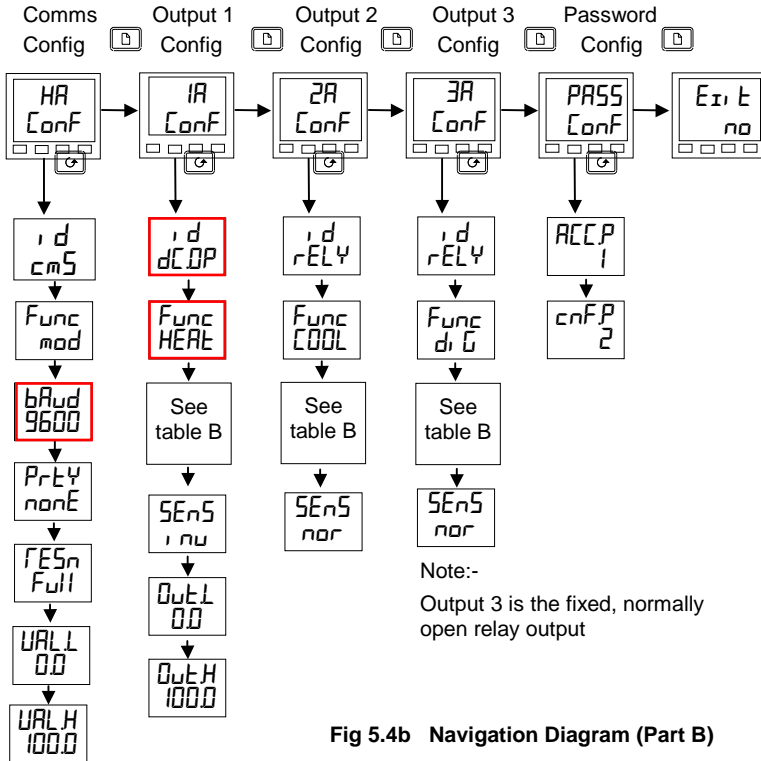
**Change value**  
using the 'Raise/Lower' buttons or

The first four headings set up the controller functions, as follows:

- Instrument Config.** - Groups those parameters associated with the display and control action.
- Input Config.** - selects the input sensor type
- User cal. Config.** - to calibrate to external reference sources
- Alarms Config.** - sets up the alarm types

Fig 5.4a Navigation Diagram (Part A)

**5.6 NAVIGATION DIAGRAM (PART B)**



**Fig 5.4b Navigation Diagram (Part B)**

Heading	Input/Output Functions	Wiring Terminals
The first four headings set up the controller functions as follows:		
i nSt Conf	Sets up display and control parameters	Not applicable
i P Conf	Selects the input sensor type	Not applicable
CLL Conf	To calibrate to external reference sources	Not applicable
AL Conf	Sets up the alarm types	Not applicable
The remaining headings configure the controller input/output functions. The upper readout corresponds to rear terminal numbers associated with a particular i/o		
HA Conf	Sets up digital comms. type	HA to HF
IA Conf	Sets up the output 1 module	1A & 1B
2A Conf	Sets up the output 2 module	2A & 2B
3A Conf	Sets up the action of the relay on output 4	3A to 3C
PASS Conf	To choose new passwords	
Exit Conf	To leave configuration level and return to operator level	

## 5.7 CONFIGURATION PARAMETER TABLES

Name	Parameter description	Values	Meaning
<b>units</b>	<b>Instrument configuration</b>		
units	Instrument units	°C	Centigrade (default UK)
		°F	Fahrenheit (default USA)
		°K	Kelvin
		none	Display units will be blanked
decP	Decimal places in the displayed value	none	None
		one	One
		two	Two
ctrl	Control type	On/Off	On/off control
		PID	PID control
		UP	Valve position control unbounded
act	Control action	rev	Reverse acting (required for temperature control) - output decreases on approach to setpoint.
		dir	Direct acting
cool	Type of cooling	lin	Linear
		oil	Oil (50mS min on time)
		H2O	Water(non-linear)
		FAN	Fan (0.5S min on time)
PwrF	Power feedback	on	Power feedback is on (compensates for changes in supply voltage)
		OFF	Power feedback is off
Pdt	Bumpless Manual/Auto transfer when using PD control	no	Non-bumpless transfer
		YES	Bumpless transfer (auto to manual and manual to auto)
FOP	Forced manual output	no	Non-bumpless transfer
		YES	Bumpless transfer (auto to manual and manual to auto)
Sbrt	Sensor break output	SbOP	Go to pre-set value (maintains output at a known, safe level)
		Hold	Freeze output (maintains output at value immediately before break)
LCHi	Load current scaling factor	100	See Chapter 9



Factory default parameter values and states are included where applicable and are indicated by the shaded areas in the following tables.



Name	Parameter description	Value	Meaning
------	-----------------------	-------	---------

<b>CAL</b>	<b>User calibration config.</b>	<b>See Chapter 6 - User calibration</b>	
<i>AdJ</i>	User cal enable	<i>no</i>	User calibration is disabled
		<i>YES</i>	User calibration is enabled
<i>Pnt.L</i>	User calibration point low	<i>0</i>	This is the value (in display units) at which a User last performed a low point calibration
<i>Pnt.H</i>	User calibration point high	<i>100</i>	This is the value (in display units) at which a User last performed a high point calibration
<i>OFF.L</i>	Low point calibration offset	<i>0</i>	Offset, in display units, at the user low calibration point 'Pnt.L'. This value is automatically calculated when performing low point calibration.
<i>OFF.H</i>	High point calibration offset	<i>0</i>	Offset, in display units, at the user high calibration point 'Pnt.H'. This value is automatically calculated when performing a high point calibration.

\*If User calibration is enabled, then the User calibration parameters will appear in the Input list of Operator Full access level. See Chapter 6, *User calibration*.

Name	Parameter description	Values
------	-----------------------	--------

AL	Alarm configuration	Values	Defaults if not specified
AL1	Alarm 1 Type	As table A	OFF
bLoc	Alarm 1 Blocking <sup>(1)</sup>	no' YES	no
Ltch	Alarm 1 Latching	no/Auto/mAn/ Eut	no
AL2	Alarm 2 Type	As table A	OFF
bLoc	Alarm 2 Blocking <sup>(1)</sup>	no' YES	no
Ltch	Alarm 2 Latching	no/Auto/mAn/ Eut	no
AL3	Alarm 3 Type	As table A	OFF
bLoc	Alarm 3 Blocking <sup>(1)</sup>	no' YES	no
Ltch	Alarm 3 Latching	no/Auto/mAn/ Eut	no
AL4	Alarm 4 Type	As table A	OFF
bLoc	Alarm 4 Blocking <sup>(1)</sup>	no' YES	no
Ltch	Alarm 4 Latching	no/Auto/mAn/ Eut	no

**Table A: Alarm types**

OFF	No alarm
FSL	Full scale low
FSH	Full scale high
dEu	Deviation band
dHi	Deviation high
dLo	Deviation low
Lcr	Low current
Hcr	High current



(1) Blocking allows the alarm to become active only after it has first entered a safe state.

These are 'soft' alarms ie. Indication only. They would normally be attached to an output. See Chapter 7 for a step by step guide.

<b>HA</b>	<b>Comms module config</b>	<b>Functions</b>	<b>Meaning</b>
<b>id</b>	Identity of the option installed	<b>PdS,</b> <b>cmS</b>	PDS setpoint input 2- or 4-wire EIA-485 (422) or EIA-232 comms module
<b>Func</b>	Function		
<i>Some of the following parameters may appear if one of the comms options is installed</i>			
		<b>cmS</b>  <b>nonE</b>	DIGITAL Communication protocol ordered (ModBus, EIBisynch or DeviceNet)  None
<i>The following parameters will appear if the PDSIO setpoint input option is installed.</i>			
		<b>nonE</b> <b>SP, P</b>	No PDS function PDS setpoint input
<b>URLL</b>	PDS low input value	Range = -999 to 9999	
<b>URLH</b>	PDS high input value	Range = -999 to 9999	
<i>The following parameters will appear if <b>id = cmS</b></i>			
<b>baud</b>	Baud Rate - ModBus	1200 <sup>(1)</sup> , 2400, 4800, 9600, 19.20, 1920 (19200)	
<b>baud</b>	Baud Rate - DeviceNet	125(K), 250(K), 500(K)	
<b>Prty</b> <sup>(2)</sup>	Comms Parity	<b>nonE</b> <b>Even</b> <b>Odd</b>	No parity Even parity Odd parity
<b>RESn</b> <sup>(2)</sup>	Comms Resolution	<b>FULL</b> <b>Int</b>	Full resolution Integer resolution

Note 1: 1200 baud rate not supported by EIBisynch

Note 2: Not used with some communication protocols. Please consult factory.

Name	Parameter description	Function	Meaning
<b>IR</b>	Output 1 configuration	Function	Meaning
<b>d</b>	Identity of module installed	nonE rELY dC DP LoG SSr	No module fitted Relay output DC output (isolated) Logic or PDS output Triac output
<b>Func</b>	Function  <i>Only appear for d = dC DP</i>  <i>Only appear for d = dC DP</i> <i>Only appear for d = dC DP</i> <i>Only appear for d = LoG</i> <i>Only appear for d = LoG</i>	nonE d! G HEAt COOL DP  PU Err wSP SSr.1 SSr.2	Function set by d! GF Heating output Cooling output Retransmission of output demand  Retransmission of process value Retransmission of error Retransmission of setpoint PDS mode 1 heating PDS mode 2 heating
For <b>Function = d! G</b> go to table B on page 5-12			
<b>SEN5</b>	Sense of output	nor i nu	Normal (e.g. heating and cooling) Inverted (alarms - de-energise in alarm)
DC output scaling For <b>d = dC DP</b> the following parameters appear			
<b>OUTL</b>	DC output minimum		0mA to 'OUTH'
<b>OUTH</b>	DC output maximum		'OUTL' to 20mA

<b>Table B</b> The following parameters appear if 'd  G' is chosen as the function.			
<p><b>d  GF</b></p> <p>Digital output functions Any number of the functions listed can be combined on to the output.</p> <p>Use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to select a desired digital function. After two seconds the display will blink and return to the 'noCH' display. Use the arrows again to scroll through the function list.</p> <p>The previously selected function display will show two decimal points indicating that it has been added to the output.</p>		<b>noCH</b>	No change
		<b>clr</b>	Clear all existing functions
		<b>1 - - -</b>	Alarm 1*
		<b>2 - - -</b>	Alarm 2*
		<b>3 - - -</b>	Alarm 3*
		<b>4 - - -</b>	Alarm 4*
		<b>mAn</b>	Manual/Auto
		<b>Sbr</b>	Sensor break
		<b>Lbr</b>	Loop break
		<b>HtRF</b>	PDS Heater fail
		<b>LdF</b>	PDS Load failure
		<b>End</b>	End of program
		<b>SPAn</b>	PV out of range
		<b>SSrF</b>	PDS Solid state relay failure
	<b>nwAL</b>	New alarm	
	<b>rmEF</b>	Remote setpoint failure	

\*In place of the dashes, the last three characters indicate the alarm type as per table A in the AL list: eg **IFSL** = Full Scale Low

If an alarm is not configured the displayed name will differ: e.g. **AL 1** will be shown, for the first alarm

Name	Parameter description	Function	Meaning
------	-----------------------	----------	---------

2A	Output 2 configuration	Function	Meaning
Func	Identity of module installed	none RELAY Logic SSR	No module fitted Relay output Logic output Triac output
	Function	none	none
	Outputs	DI HEAT COOL	Function set by DI Heating output Cooling output
Func	Logic inputs	MAN	Manual mode select
		RM	Remote setpoint select
		SP2	Setpoint 2 select
		EH	Integral hold
		ACKAL	Acknowledge alarms
		LOC.b	Lock buttons (keypad)
		RSE	Ramp/dwell reset
STBY	Standby - ALL outputs = OFF		

For Func = DI go to table B on previous page

SENS	Sense of output	normal inverted	Normal ( <i>heat and cool outputs</i> ) Inverted ( <i>alarms - de-energise in alarm</i> )
------	-----------------	--------------------	--

3A	Output 3 configuration	As per output 2A configuration
----	------------------------	--------------------------------

PASS	Password list
ALCP	FULL or EDIT level password (default = 1)
CLFP	Configuration level Password (default = 2)

Note:- When passwords are changed please make a note of the new numbers

EXIT	Exit Configuration	no YES
------	--------------------	--------

## 1.10 PARAMETER TABLES

The tables which follow list all parameters that are available in Full operator level.

Name	Parameter Description	Default Value		Min Value	Max Value	Units	Customer Setting
		UK	USA				

↑  
Display mnemonic

↑  
Brief description of parameter or function

↑  
Factory configured value

### 1.10.1 HOME Display

Name	Parameter Description	Default Value		Min Value	Max Value	Units	Customer Setting
		UK	USA				

Home List							
Home	Measured Value and Setpoint(SP)	SP=25° C	SP=75° F			as display	
<i>vPoS</i>	Valve positioner output power			00	1000	%of mtr	
<i>OP</i>	% Output Level			- 100.0	100.0	%	
<i>wSP</i>	Working setpoint					as display	
<i>SP</i>	Setpoint			-999	9999	as display	
<i>AmPS</i>	Heater current (PDS modes 2 and 5)			0	100	AmPS	
<i>m-A</i>	Auto/manual select	<i>Auto</i>	<i>Auto</i>				
<i>di SP</i>	Configure lower readout of home display	<i>Std</i>	<i>Std</i>				<i>None</i> <i>Std</i> <i>AmPS</i> <i>OP</i> <i>StAt</i> <i>vPoS</i>
<i>Li d</i>	Customer ID	0	0	0	9999		

Additional parameters may appear in the Home display if the 'promote' feature has been used (see *Edit Level*, Chapter 3).

**1.10.2 Alarm List**

Name	Parameter Description	Default Value		Min Value	Max Value	Units	Customer Setting
		UK	USA				
<b>AL</b>	<b>Alarm List</b>						
1---	Alarm 1 set point value	0	0			as display	
2---	Alarm 2 set point value	0	0			as display	
3---	Alarm 3 set point value	0	0			as display	
4---	Alarm 4 set point value	0	0			as display	
<i>In place of dashes, the last three characters indicate the alarm type, as follows:</i>							
-F5H	Full Scale High alarm			-999	9999	as display	
-F5L	Full Scale Low alarm			-999	9999	as display	
-dEu	Deviation band alarm			0	9999	as display	
-dHi	Deviation High alarm			0	9999	as display	
-dLo	Deviation Low alarm			0	9999	as display	
-Lcr	Low current alarm			0	100	Amps	
-Hcr	High current alarm			0	100	Amps	
HY	Hysteresis			0	9999	as display	
HYEU	Hysteresis for event alarms. See Note 1			0	9999	as display	
Lbt	Loop break time	OFF	OFF	0	9999	secs	

### 1.10.3 Autotune List

<b><i>Ptun</i></b>	<b>Autotune List</b>					
<i>tunE</i>	Self tune enable	OFF	OFF	OFF	On	
<i>Adc</i>	Automatic droop compensation (Manual Reset) enable (only present if <i>t<sub>i</sub></i> set to OFF)	mAn	mAn	mAn	CALC	

### 1.10.4 PID List

<b>Name</b>	<b>Parameter Description</b>	<b>Default Value</b>		<b>Min Value</b>	<b>Max Value</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Customer Setting</b>
		<b>UK</b>	<b>USA</b>				
<b><i>P, d</i></b>	<b>PID List</b>						
<i>Pb</i>	Proportional band	20.0	30	1	9999	as display	
<i>t<sub>i</sub></i>	Integral time	360	360	OFF	9999	seconds	
<i>t<sub>d</sub></i>	Derivative time	60	60	OFF	9999	seconds	
<i>rES</i>	Manual reset (appears when <i>t<sub>i</sub></i> set to OFF)	0.0	0.0	0.00	100.0	%	
<i>Lcb</i>	Cutback low	Auto	Auto	0	9999	as display	
<i>Hcb</i>	Cutback high	Auto	Auto	0	9999	as display	
<i>rELC</i>	Relative cool gain (set 1)	1.00	1.00	0.01	9.99		

### 1.10.5 Setpoint List

Name	Parameter Description	Default Value		Min Value	Max Value	Units	Customer Setting
		UK	USA				
<b>SP</b>	<b>Set Point List</b>						
<i>SPSEL</i>	Select SP1 or SP2	<i>SP1</i>	<i>SP1</i>	<i>SP1</i>	<i>SP2</i>		
<i>L_r</i>	Local or remote setpoint select	<i>Loc</i>	<i>Loc</i>	<i>Loc</i>	<i>remt</i>		
<i>SP1</i>	Setpoint 1 value	<i>25</i>	<i>70</i>	As display range			
<i>SP2</i>	Setpoint 2 value	<i>25</i>	<i>70</i>	As display range			
<i>rm.SP</i>	Remote setpoint	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	As display range			
<i>Loc.t</i>	Local trim	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	As display range			
<i>SP1L</i>	Setpoint 1 low limit	<i>0</i>	<i>32</i>	As display range			
<i>SP1H</i>	Setpoint 1 high limit	<i>1000</i>	<i>2100</i>	As display range			
<i>SP2L</i>	Setpoint 2 low limit	<i>0</i>	<i>32</i>	As display range			
<i>SP2H</i>	Setpoint 2 high limit	<i>1000</i>	<i>2100</i>	As display range			
<i>Loc.L</i>	Local setpoint trim low limit	<i>-210</i>	<i>-346</i>	As display range			
<i>Loc.H</i>	Local setpoint trim high limit	<i>1200</i>	<i>2192</i>	As display range			
<i>SPrr</i>	Setpoint rate limit	<i>OFF</i>	<i>OFF</i>	Units per minute			
<i>dwEll</i>	Dwell time	<i>OFF</i>	<i>OFF</i>	0.1 to 999.9 minutes			
<i>End.t</i>	End type	<i>rES</i>	<i>rSEt</i>	<i>rSEt</i> <i>hold</i> <i>Stby</i> <i>dwEll</i>			
<i>Prog</i>	Program control	<i>rSEt</i>	<i>rSEt</i>	<i>run'</i> <i>rSEt</i>			
<i>Stat</i>	Status of program		<i>OFF</i>	<i>rmP</i> <i>dwEll</i> <i>End</i> <i>OFF</i>			

### 1.10.6 Input List

Name	Parameter Description	Default Value		Min Value	Max Value	Units	Customer Setting
		UK	USA				
<b>IP</b>	<b>Input list</b>						
*F <sub>LT</sub>	Input <u>filter</u> time constant	16	16	00 OFF	999.9	secs	
OFF <sub>SE</sub>	PV Offset			-999	9999	as display	
The next 5 parameters will appear if User calibration has been enabled in configuration level. To perform a user calibration refer to Ch 6.							
CAL	FACT will re-instate factory settings and disable User Calibration. Default setting FACT USER will re-instate any previously set User Calibration offsets and make available User Calibration parameters as follows:						
CAL <sub>S</sub>	User calibration select	nonE	nonE				Hi, Lo, nonE
Adj	Adjust calibrated reference source						
The following two parameters are always present in Full Access level but not in Operator level							
CJC <sup>o</sup>	Cold Junction compensation temperature						
mV	Millivolt input						

\* A minimum filter time constant of one second is recommended to provide sufficient noise immunity.

~ Do not make adjustments to the Adj parameter unless you wish to offset the controller calibration.

### 1.10.7 On/Off List

<b>On/off list</b>							
This set of parameters only appear if On/Off control has been configured							
h <sub>YSH</sub>	Heat <u>h</u> ysteresis	0	0	0	9999	as display	
h <sub>YSE</sub>	Cool <u>h</u> ysteresis	0	0	0	9999	as display	
HC <sub>db</sub>	Heat/Cool <u>d</u> ead band	1	1	0	9999	as display	

**1.10.8 Output List**

Name	Parameter Description	Default Value		Min Value	Max Value	Units	Customer Setting
		UK	USA				

<b>OP</b>	<b>Output list</b>	Note: If On/Off control is configured only <i>SbOP</i> , <i>onEH</i> and <i>onEL</i> will appear in the following list					
<i>OPLo</i>	<u>Low (power) output limit</u>	0.0 or - 100.0 (cool)		- 100.0	100.0	%	
<i>OPHi</i>	<u>High (power) output limit</u>	100.0	100.0	- 100.0	100.0	%	
<i>SbOP</i>	<u>Output setting when in sensor break</u>	0.0		- 100.0	100.0	%	
<sup>1</sup> <i>CYCH</i>	<u>Heat cycle time</u>	1.0 (logic) 2.0 (relay)		0.2	999.9	secs	
<i>onEH</i>	<u>Heat output min. on time</u>	0.1	0.1	<i>Auto</i> (50mS)	999.9		
<sup>1</sup> <i>CYCL</i>	<u>Cool cycle time</u>	1.0 (logic) 2.0 (relay)		0.2	999.9	secs	
<sup>1</sup> <i>onEL</i>	<u>Cool output min. on time</u>	0.1	0.1	<i>Auto</i> (50mS)	999.9	secs	
<i>mTr</i>	<u>VP motor travel time</u>			0.0	999.9	secs	

<sup>1</sup> Are not used for Valve Position Control.

**1.10.9 Communications List**

<b>cn5</b>	<b>Comms list</b>						
<i>Addr</i>	<u>Communications address</u>	1	1	1	254		

**1.10.10 Access List**

<b>ACCS</b>	<b>Access list</b>						
<i>codE</i>	<u>Full and Edit level password</u>	1	1	0	9999		
<i>Goto</i>	<u>Goto level 'OPER', 'FULL', 'Edit' or 'conf'</u>	<i>OPER</i>	<i>OPER</i>	<i>OPER</i>	<i>conf</i>		
<i>Conf</i>	<u>Configuration level password</u>	2	2	0	9999		

TITLE: Procedure, Control Box Setup and Test  
REF. NEXT ASSY: Model 1602 Viscometer

Revision	Date	Revised By	Description	Checked By
E	6/1/2010	BW	ECN T3011	TC
F	3/30/2011	BW	ECN T3746	TC

**NOTE:** This test should be done prior to the Pressure Test (1602-0001P)

1. Set the **POWER LINE VOLTAGE** switch for the appropriate test voltage and turn on the unit.
2. Toggle the **Hold / Drop** switch and verify that the coil is energized when appropriate; use one of the following methods:
  - **Hold / Drop a ball:** When in the **Hold** position, a ball (C12555, C12556 or C12557) should be held at the point of the Coil Assembly (1602-0039). The ball should fall when switched to the **Drop** position. The ball can be held to the side of the point of the Coil Assembly regardless of the position of the Hold / Drop switch; conduct this test with the ball at the point of the Coil Assembly.
  - **Measure DC Voltage:** Verify that 24VDC (polarity does not matter) is across pins 3 and 4 of **Controls** cable when in the **Drop** position; 0VDC when in the **Hold** position.
3. The polarity of the magnets (C12861) in the Coil Assembly is important at high temperatures. For this step, the Solenoid Coil (C12910) is removed from the assembly but still wired to the Solenoid Cap (1602-0047) and the magnets are attached to the Steel Core (1602-0048).
  - a. Attach the **Controls** cable to the connector on the Solenoid Cap and to the Control Box.
  - b. Set the Hold / Drop switch to the **Drop** position to energize the Solenoid Coil.
  - c. Insert the magnet end of the Steel Core into the **bottom** side of the Solenoid Coil. Flip the magnets on the Steel Core and insert into the Solenoid Coil again.
  - d. The magnets in one polarity will be repelled by the magnetic field of the Solenoid Coil. In the other polarity, the magnets will be attracted to it. Arrange the magnets such that they are **repelled** by the Coil.
  - e. Re-assemble the Coil Assembly; the set screw (H-25-008) **MUST** be backed off 2 full turns from flush with the Magnet Tube (1602-0043).
4. Verify **Timer** operation and that the **Top** and **Bottom** lights illuminate at the appropriate time.
  - a. See attached PARAMETER VALUE CHART and PROGRAMMING QUICK OVERVIEW to set appropriate RedLion Timer parameters.
  - b. Connect the Controls cable (C12314) to the Control Box:
    - i. **Top** should light when the Coil Assembly is touched to the body of the vessel or when pins 1 and 5 on the **Controls** cable are shorted (**Bottom** light should go out if on).
    - ii. **Timer** should start when the **Drop** switch is activated (**Top** light should remain on).
    - iii. **Bottom** should light, **Top** should go out, **Timer** should stop and **Alarm** should sound (if the **Alarm** switch is in the ON position) when the End-of-Roll Contact Cable (1602-9) is touched to the body of the vessel or when pins 2 and 5 of the Controls cable are shorted.

TITLE: Procedure, Control Box Setup and Test  
REF. NEXT ASSY: Model 1602 Viscometer

Revision	Date	Revised By	Description	Checked By
E	6/1/2010	BW	ECN T3011	TC
F	3/30/2011	BW	ECN T3746	TC

5. With the unit OFF and heaters connected, verify **POWER LINE VOLTAGE** switch wiring. Measure resistance across switch at pins 1B and 2 (or pin 2 of Heater Relay to White terminal blocks):
  - a.  $\leq 24\Omega$  at with switch set to 115V
  - b.  $\leq 96\Omega$  at with switch set to 230V
  
6. Verify **Temperature Controller** operation:
  - a. Load the 1602 Eurotherm iTools Clone file to the controller; the file is located in the S:\DCI Test Lab\Controller Config Files folder.
  - b. Connect a K-type Thermocouple.
  - c. Set the temperature controller to 100°F. The light on the Heater Relay in the Control Box should match the OP1 light on the Temperature Controller.
  - d. Disconnect the Thermocouple. The temperature controller should display the “Sensor Break” error (S.br flashes on the upper readout). The light on the Heater Relay should remain off and the ALM light on the Over Temperature module should flash.
  
7. Verify **Over Temperature** module operation:
  - a. Connect a Thermocouple Calibrator to the thermocouple input on the Control Box.
  - b. Set the Thermocouple Calibrator to K-Type.
  - c. Set the Thermocouple Calibrator output to 350°F; the ALM light on the Over Temperature module should flash.
  - d. Set the Thermocouple Calibrator output to 300°F; the ALM light on the Over Temperature module should stop flashing and remain off.

# PARAMETER VALUE CHART PAXCK Clock Timer

Programmer \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Meter# \_\_\_\_\_ Security Code \_\_\_\_\_

## 1- INP Timer Input Parameters

DISPLAY	PARAMETER	FACTORY SETTING	USER SETTING
rRNGE	TIMER RANGE	555555	SSS.SSS
INP OP	TIMER INPUT OPERATION	LEVEL	EdcS-2
FltEr	TIMER INPUT FILTERING	ON	OFF
t dir	TIMING DIRECTION	UP	
t StRt	TIMER START VALUE (A)	000000	
	TIMER START VALUE (B)*	000000	
t StOP	TIMER STOP (A & B*)	NO	
UrLUe	TIMER STOP VALUE (A)	000000	
	TIMER STOP VALUE (B)*	000000	
FLASH	FLASH TIMER ANNUNCIATOR	NO	
InP-UP	TIMER INPUT STATE AT POWER-UP	StOP	
t P-UP	TIMER RESET AT POWER-UP	NO	YES

## 2-Fnc User Input and Function Key Parameters

DISPLAY	PARAMETER	FACTORY SETTING	USER SETTING
USEr-1	USER INPUT 1	NO	OSEt-L
USEr-2	USER INPUT 2	NO	OSEt-L
USEr-3	USER INPUT 3	NO	OrSt-L
F1	FUNCTION KEY 1	NO	
F2	FUNCTION KEY 2	NO	
rSt	RESET KEY	drSt-E	
SEc-F1	SECONDARY FUNCTION KEY F1	NO	
SEc-F2	SECONDARY FUNCTION KEY F2	NO	

USEr-1 OSEt-L

SP-1 YES

SP-2 NO

USEr-2 OSEt-L

SP-1 NO

SP-2 YES

USEr-3 OrSt-L

SP-1 NO

SP-2 YES

## 3-Loc Display and Program Lock-out Parameters

DISPLAY	PARAMETER	FACTORY SETTING	USER SETTING
t-dSP	TIMER DISPLAY LOCK-OUT	rEd	
C-dSP	CYCLE COUNT DISPLAY LOCK-OUT	LDC	
rEt-d	RTC DATE DISPLAY LOCK-OUT	LDC	
rEt-t	RTC TIME DISPLAY LOCK-OUT	LDC	
SP-1	SP1 ON VALUE ACCESS	LDC	
SPDF-1	SP1 OFF VALUE ACCESS	LDC	
tOUt-1	SP1 TIME-OUT VALUE ACCESS	LDC	
SP-2	SP2 ON VALUE ACCESS	LDC	
SPDF-2	SP2 OFF VALUE ACCESS	LDC	
tOUt-2	SP2 TIME-OUT VALUE ACCESS	LDC	
SP-3	SP3 ON VALUE ACCESS	LDC	
SPDF-3	SP3 OFF VALUE ACCESS	LDC	
tOUt-3	SP3 TIME-OUT VALUE ACCESS	LDC	
SP-4	SP4 ON VALUE ACCESS	LDC	
SPDF-4	SP4 OFF VALUE ACCESS	LDC	
tOUt-4	SP4 TIME-OUT VALUE ACCESS	LDC	
t StRt	TIMER START VALUE ACCESS	LDC	
t StOP	TIMER STOP ACCESS	LDC	
C StRt	COUNTER START VALUE ACCESS	LDC	
C StOP	COUNTER STOP VALUE ACCESS	LDC	
SEt-t	RTC TIME SETTING ACCESS	LDC	
CdE	SECURITY CODE	000	

## 4-Cnt Cycle Counter Parameters

DISPLAY	PARAMETER	FACTORY SETTING	USER SETTING
C Src	CYCLE COUNTER COUNT SOURCE	NDRE	
C dir	CYC. CNTR. COUNTING DIRECTION	UP	
C StRt	CYCLE COUNTER START VALUE (A)	000000	
	CYCLE COUNTER START VALUE (B)*	000000	
C StOP	CYCLE COUNTER STOP (A & B*)	NO	
UrLUe	CYCLE COUNTER STOP VALUE (A)	000000	
	CYCLE COUNTER STOP VALUE (B)*	000000	
C P-UP	CYC. CNTR. RESET AT POWER-UP	NO	

## 5-OPer Timer Operating Modes

DISPLAY	PARAMETER	FACTORY SETTING	USER SETTING
t OPEr	PREDEFINED TIMER OPER. MODE	NO	
SP-1	SETPOINT 1 ON VALUE	000000	
SPDF-1	SETPOINT 1 OFF VALUE	000 100	
tOUt-1	SETPOINT 1 TIME-OUT VALUE	000 100	

\* See Module 2, Exchanging Parameter Lists, for details on programming this value.

Shaded areas are model dependent.

### 5-5P Setpoint (Alarm) Parameters

DISPLAY	PARAMETER	FACTORY SETTING	USER SETTING	FACTORY SETTING	USER SETTING	FACTORY SETTING	USER SETTING	FACTORY SETTING	USER SETTING
AS <sub>n</sub> -n	SETPOINT ASSIGNMENT	NONE		NONE		NONE		NONE	
AL <sub>n</sub> -n	SETPOINT ACTION	LATCH	ON-OFF	LATCH	ON-OFF	LATCH		LATCH	
OL <sub>n</sub> -n	OUTPUT LOGIC	NO		NO		NO		NO	
ON <sub>n</sub> -n	SETPOINT ON (A)	VALUE	01-ON	VALUE	02-ON	VALUE		VALUE	
	SETPOINT ON (B)*	VALUE		VALUE		VALUE		VALUE	
SP <sub>n</sub> -n	SETPOINT ON VALUE (A)	000000		000000		000000		000000	
	SETPOINT ON VALUE (B)*	000000		000000		000000		000000	
OFF <sub>n</sub> -n	SETPOINT OFF (A)	VALUE	1-STOP	VALUE	02-OFF	VALUE		VALUE	
	SETPOINT OFF (B)*	VALUE		VALUE		VALUE		VALUE	
SP <sub>OFF</sub> -n	SETPOINT OFF VALUE (A)	000 100		000 100		000 100		000 100	
	SETPOINT OFF VALUE (B)*	000 100		000 100		000 100		000 100	
TO <sub>UT</sub> -n	TIME-OUT VALUE (A)	000 100		000 100		000 100		000 100	
	TIME-OUT VALUE (B)*	000 100		000 100		000 100		000 100	
d ON <sub>n</sub> -n	DAILY ON OCCURRENCE (A)	Mon-Fri		Mon-Fri		Mon-Fri		Mon-Fri	
	DAILY ON OCCURRENCE (B)*	Mon-Fri		Mon-Fri		Mon-Fri		Mon-Fri	
d OFF <sub>n</sub> -n	DAILY OFF OCCURRENCE (A)	Mon-Fri		Mon-Fri		Mon-Fri		Mon-Fri	
	DAILY OFF OCCURRENCE (B)*	Mon-Fri		Mon-Fri		Mon-Fri		Mon-Fri	
TS <sub>TP</sub> -n	TIMER STOP	NO		NO		NO		NO	
AR <sub>ED</sub> -n	TIMER/COUNTER AUTO RESET	NO		NO		NO		NO	
OR <sub>SD</sub> -n	OUTPUT RESET W/DISPLAY RESET	NO		NO		NO		NO	
LA <sub>n</sub> -n	SETPOINT ANNUNCIATOR	NO	OFF	NO	OFF	NO		NO	
P-UP <sub>n</sub> -n	POWER-UP STATE	OFF		OFF		OFF		OFF	

### 7-5rL Serial Communication Parameters

DISPLAY	PARAMETER	FACTORY SETTING	USER SETTING
BR <sub>UD</sub>	BAUD RATE	9600	
DR <sub>BR</sub>	DATA BITS	7	
PR <sub>r</sub>	PARITY BIT	Odd	
AR <sub>DR</sub>	METER UNIT ADDRESS	00	
AB <sub>BR</sub>	ABBREVIATED PRINTING	NO	
r <sub>LC</sub> F <sub>t</sub>	REAL-TIME CLOCK PRINT FORMAT	YES	
OP <sub>t</sub>	PRINT OPTIONS		
t-d <sub>SP</sub>	TIMER DISPLAY	YES	
C-d <sub>SP</sub>	CYCLE COUNTER DISPLAY	NO	
r <sub>LC</sub> -d	RTC DATE DISPLAY	NO	
r <sub>LC</sub> -t	RTC TIME DISPLAY	NO	
SP <sub>NT</sub>	SETPOINT VALUES	NO	
SP <sub>NT</sub> OF	SETPOINT OFF/ TIME-OUT VALUES	NO	

### B-r<sub>t</sub>LC Real-Time Clock Parameters

DISPLAY	PARAMETER	FACTORY SETTING	USER SETTING
d <sub>SP</sub> -t	TIME DISPLAY FORMAT	12-59P	
d <sub>SP</sub> -d	DATE DISPLAY FORMAT	12-31	
Ch-d <sub>St</sub>	AUTO TIME CHANGE FOR D.S.T.	NO	
SY <sub>NC</sub>	SYNCHRONIZATION UNIT TYPE	SLAVE	
CR <sub>L</sub>	CALIBRATE REAL-TIME CLOCK		
OFF <sub>SEt</sub>	RTC CALIBRATION OFFSET VALUE	00	

### 9-F<sub>CS</sub> Factory Service Parameters

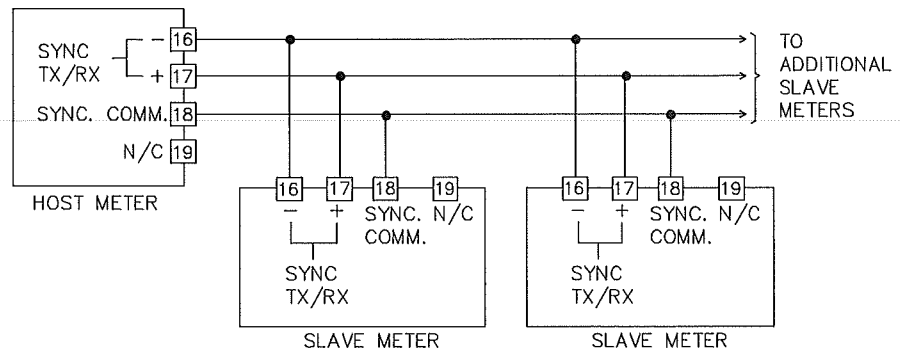
DISPLAY	PARAMETER	FACTORY SETTING	USER SETTING
d-L <sub>EU</sub>	DISPLAY INTENSITY LEVEL	3	

\* See Module 2, Exchanging Parameter Lists, for details on programming this value.

Shaded areas are model dependent.

### PAXCK Application

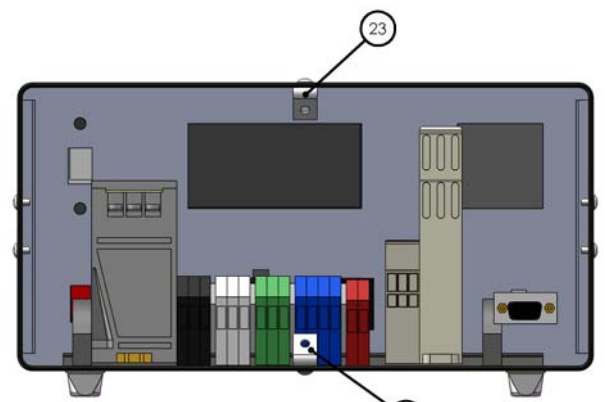
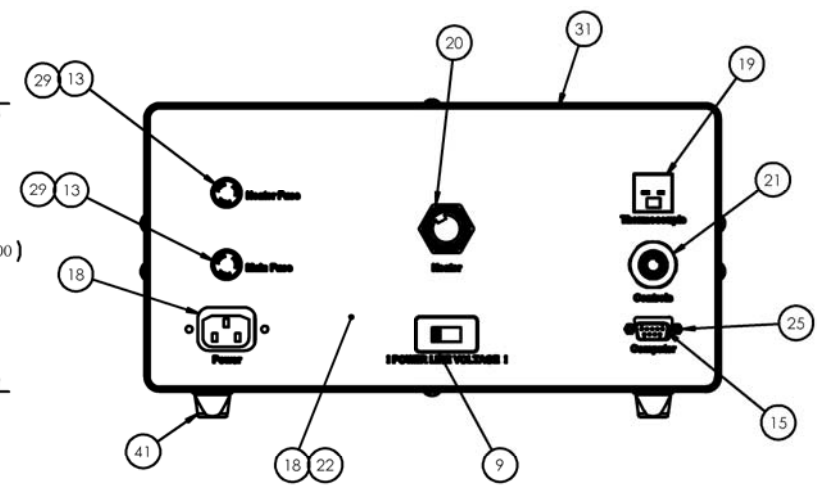
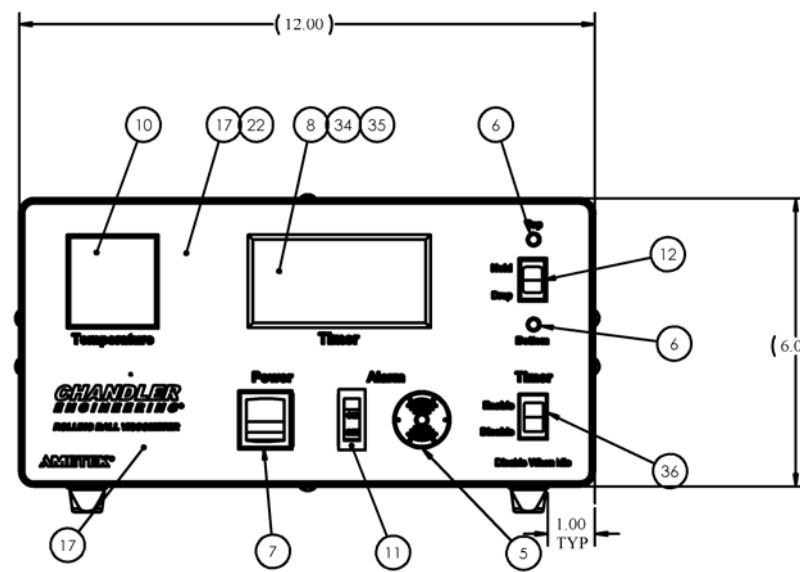
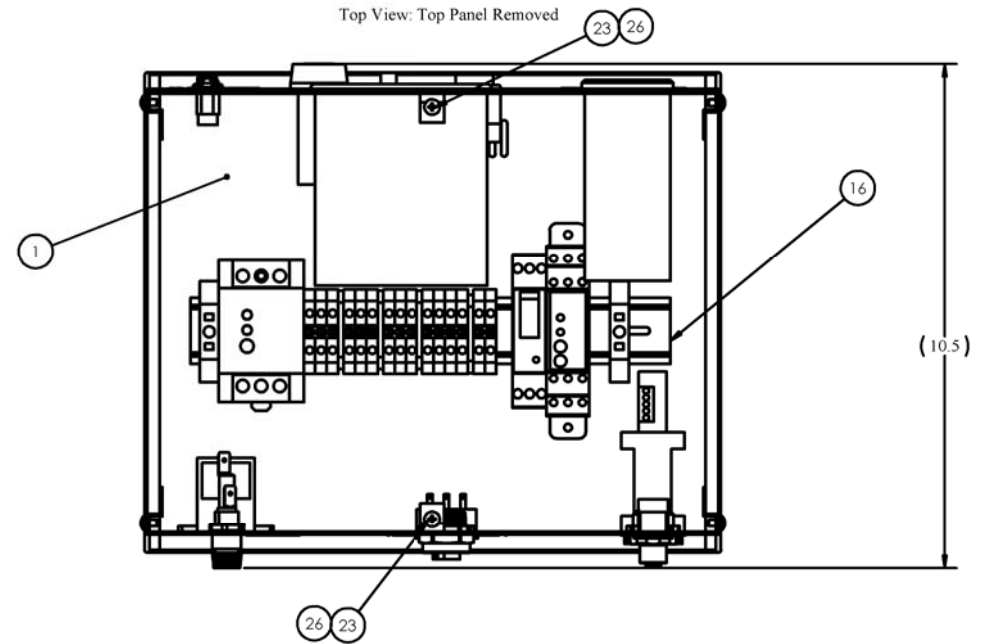
A big application request has always been for Real-Time Clocks to display time throughout the plant. The challenge has been to keep all the various clock locations synchronized with the right time. With the new PAXCK Timer/Real-Time Clock this problem is history. The clocks can be provided in three different sizes, the PAXCK (0.56 inch LEDs), the LPAXCK (1.5 inch LEDs), or the EPAX (4 inch LEDs). You can mix and match any number of the two versions, up to a maximum of 32 units. Simply select one of the units in the system as the host and the balance are programmed as slaves. The host will send out a synchronization pulse every hour to correct the time on any clock unit wired in the system.



Real-Time Clock Synchronization Network







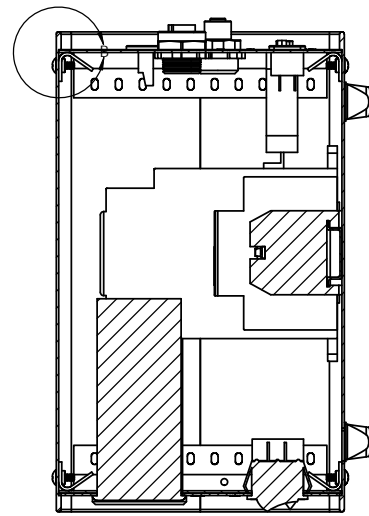
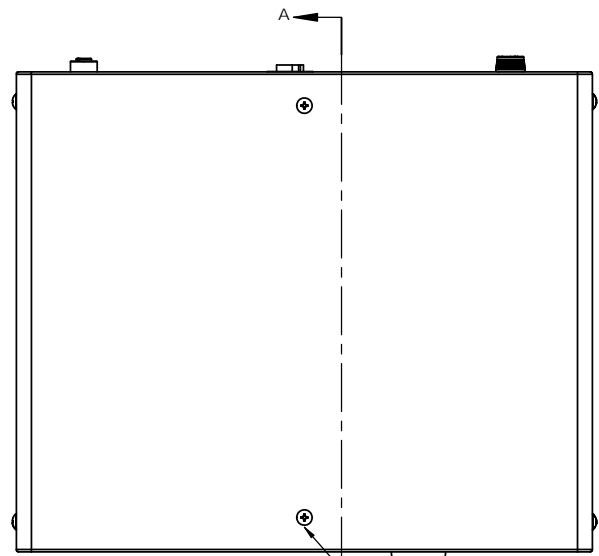
NOTE:  
1. SETUP AND TEST PER 1602-0004P

REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
L	ECH 13274; UPDATED THE FRONT OVERLAY ART	9/2/2010	JJM

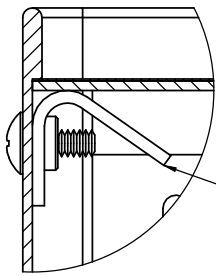
ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	Def QTY	
1	-1602-0020	WIRING DIAGRAM, CONTROL BOX	REF	
5	C12318	BUZZER, 24VDC 25MA, PNL MNT	1	
6	C11161	LED, GREEN, 5VDC/12VDC, PANEL	2	
7	80-893	SWITCH ROCKER 15A-250 VAC DPDT	1	
8	C11733	TIMER, 6-DIGIT, 85-250VAC, 1/8 DIN	1	
9	C12311	SWITCH, DPDT, PWR, PNL MNT	1	
10	C09772	CONTROLLER, MODEL 2404	1	
11	C08106	SWITCH,SPDT,ROCKER,OFF/NONE/ON	1	
12	C10966	SWITCH,DPDT,ON/ON,SOLDER	1	
13	26-195	FUSE HOLDER	2	
14	24-623	CONN,AC RCPT LINE FILTER 3 CK	1	
15	C10792	CONVERTER, RS232/RS485	1	
16	1602-0018	ASSY, ELECTRICAL RAIL	1	
17	1602-0015	FRONT OVERLAY	1	
18	1602-0016	REAR OVERLAY	1	
19	C09577	CONN,TC,TYPE K MINI,PANEL SIDE	1	
20	C11551	CONN, MINIFAST, RECEPT, 4-PIN FEM	1	
21	C12315	RCPT, TURCK, FK4.5-05/14.5	1	
22	1602-0019	ENCLOSURE, MODIFIED	1	
23	71015-23	MTG BRKT, LWR CNTRL PANEL	4	
24	C10967	NUT,CONDUIT,1/2"	2	
25	C09285	STDF,HEX,ZN,0.18X0.31,4-40,M/F	2	
26	H-6017	SCREW,TRH,6-32PHLPS,SST	4	
NOT SHOWN	27	C12312	CABLE,TURCK,RSM RKM 40-2M	1
NOT SHOWN	28	C12314	CABLE,TURCK,RK4.5T-RS4.5T	1
NOT SHOWN	29	26-228	FUSE,5.000A,250V,3AB,TIMEDELAY	2
NOT SHOWN	30	1602-0038	THERMOCOUPLE CABLE	1
NOT SHOWN	31	C12097	ENCLOSURE, BUD, 10X12X6	1
NOT SHOWN	32	C07859	RES,619 OHM,1/4W,1%,MF	2
NOT SHOWN	33			
NOT SHOWN	34	C11734	MODBUS FOR C11733	1
NOT SHOWN	35	C11735	RELAY OUTPUT FOR C11733	1
NOT SHOWN	36	C13151	SWITCH,ROCKER,ON/OFF,SPST	1
NOT SHOWN	37	C09878	WIRE,20 AWG, K TYPE TC	2.5'
NOT SHOWN	38	C09583	MODBUS CARD, RS485, 2 WIRE, EUROT	1
NOT SHOWN	39	70617-89	CORD, POWER, 3 COND, 14AWG, STRD	1
NOT SHOWN	40	84-0067	CABLE ASSY, 200-240VAC	1
NOT SHOWN	41	C08795	BUMBER,STICK-ON,GRAY	4

TOLERANCES: 1 PLACE ±0.030 2 PLACE ±0.010 3 PLACE ±0.005 ANGLES ±1/2° SURF. FINISH		UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS IN INCHES	
APPLICATION		APPROVALS	DATE
BREAK SHARP EDGES, DEBURR			
NEXT ASSY USED ON		DRAWN: TDM	3/12/08
		CHECKED: TC	3/12/08
		ENGR: TDM	3/12/08
TITLE		SIZE	S.O. NO.
CHANDLER ENGINEERING		DWG NO.	REV.
ASSY, CONT BOX - BALL		D	L
VISC 110/230		1602-0017	
SCALE: 1:2		TITLE BLOCK REV: 1.0	SHEET: 1 of 2

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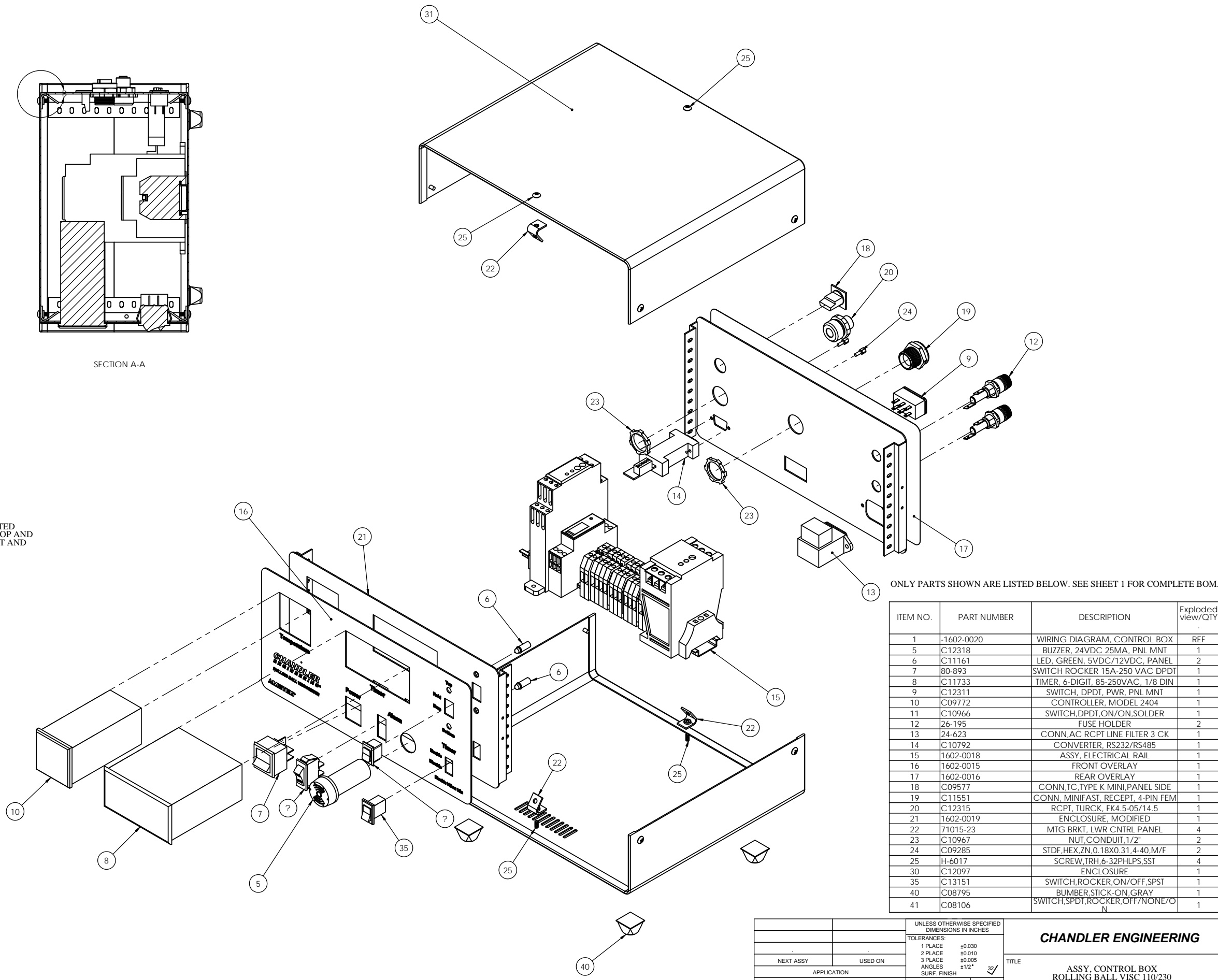


DRILL TOP AND BOTTOM OF CONTROL BOX AT ASSEMBLY FOR 6-32 SCREW.



DETAIL B  
SCALE 2 : 1

MOUNTING BRACKET IS TO BE LOCATED ON CENTERLINE OF CONTROL BOX, TOP AND BOTTOM. BRACKET IS TO KEEP FRONT AND BACK PANEL FROM FLEXING.



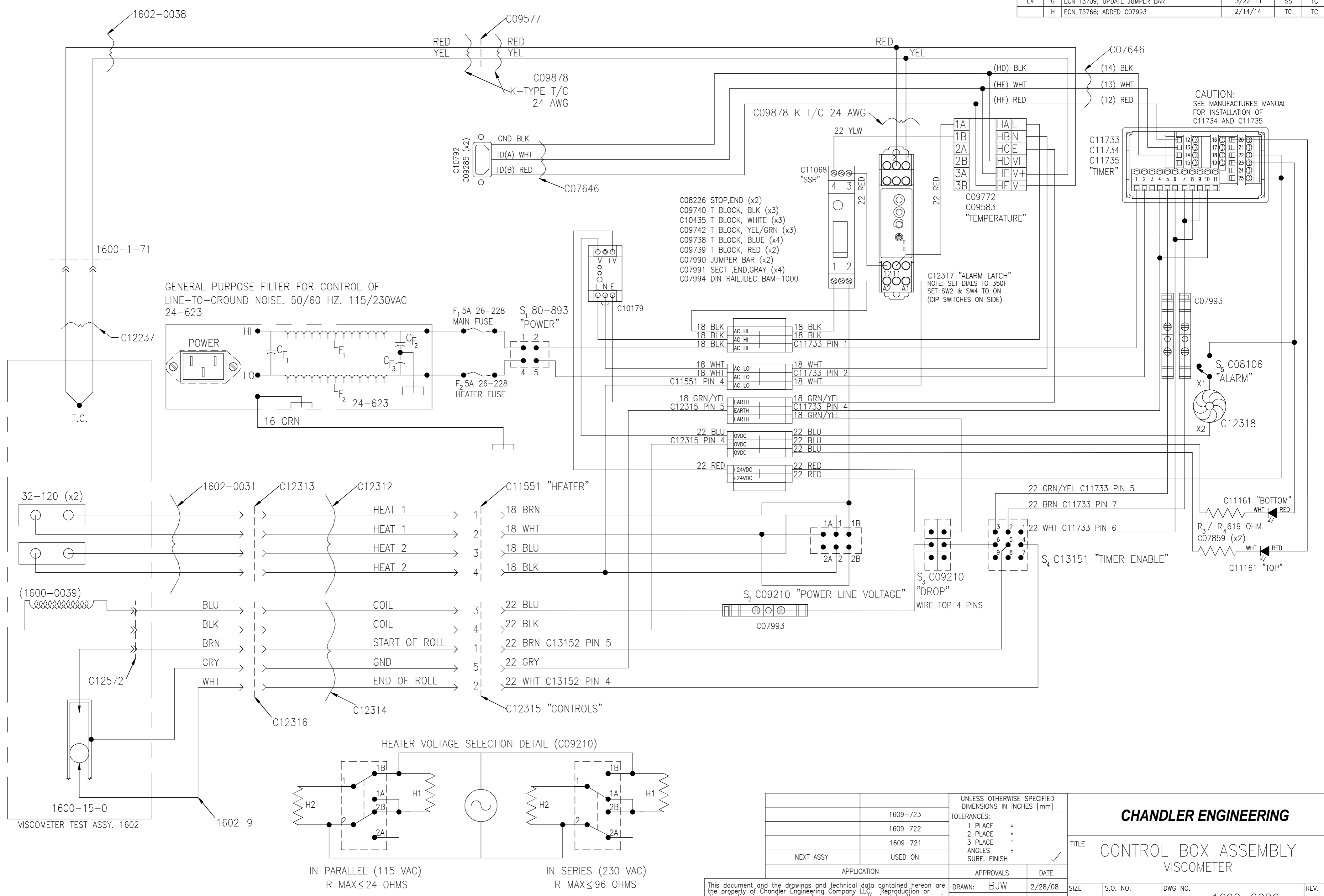
ONLY PARTS SHOWN ARE LISTED BELOW. SEE SHEET 1 FOR COMPLETE BOM.

ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	Exploded view/QTY
1	-1602-0020	WIRING DIAGRAM, CONTROL BOX	REF
5	C12318	BUZZER, 24VDC 25MA, PNL MNT	1
6	C11161	LED, GREEN, 5VDC/12VDC, PANEL	2
7	80-893	SWITCH,ROCKER 15A-250 VAC DPDT	1
8	C11733	TIMER, 6-DIGIT, 85-250VAC, 1/8 DIN	1
9	C12311	SWITCH, DPDT, PWR, PNL MNT	1
10	C09772	CONTROLLER, MODEL 2404	1
11	C10966	SWITCH,DPDT,ON/ON,SOLDER	1
12	26-195	FUSE HOLDER	2
13	24-623	CONN,AC RCPT LINE FILTER 3 CK	1
14	C10792	CONVERTER, RS232/RS485	1
15	1602-0018	ASSY, ELECTRICAL RAIL	1
16	1602-0015	FRONT OVERLAY	1
17	1602-0016	REAR OVERLAY	1
18	C09577	CONN,TC,TYPE K MINI,PANEL SIDE	1
19	C11551	CONN, MINIFAST, RECEPT, 4-PIN FEM	1
20	C12315	RCPT, TURCK, FK4.5-05/14.5	1
21	1602-0019	ENCLOSURE, MODIFIED	1
22	71015-23	MTG BRKT, LWR CNTRL PANEL	4
23	C10967	NUT, CONDUIT, 1/2"	2
24	C09285	STDF, HEX,ZN,0.18X0.31,4-40,M/F	2
25	H-6017	SCREW,TRH,6-32PHLPS,SST	4
30	C12097	ENCLOSURE	1
35	C13151	SWITCH,ROCKER,ON/OFF,SPST	1
40	C08795	BUMBER,STICK-ON,GRAY	1
41	C08106	SWITCH,SPDT,ROCKER,OFF/NONE/O	1

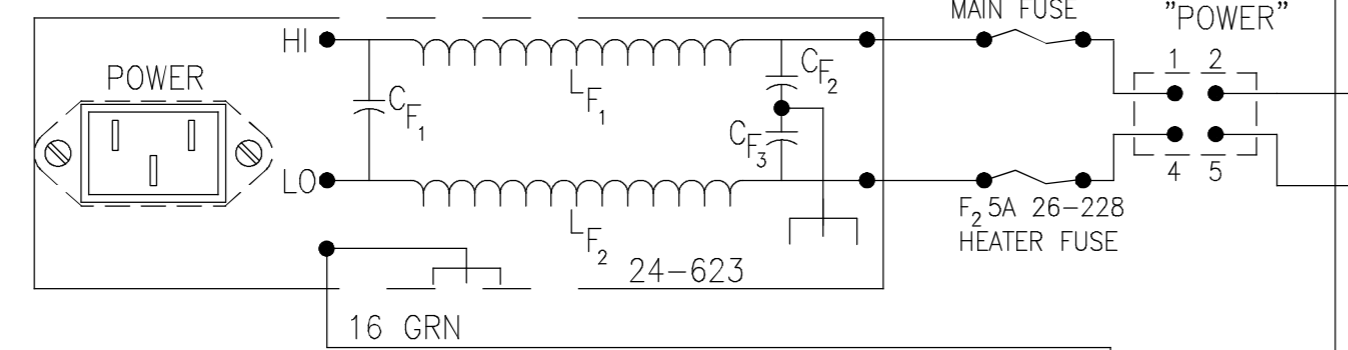
NOTES:  
1. USE 1 (SET OF 4) C08795 (BUMPER, STICK-ON, GRAY) TO REPLACE THE FEET SUPPLIED WITH THE ENCLOSURE.

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS IN INCHES TOLERANCES: 1 PLACE ±0.030 2 PLACE ±0.010 3 PLACE ±0.005 ANGLES ±1/2° SURF. FINISH		<b>CHANDLER ENGINEERING</b> TITLE ASSY, CONTROL BOX ROLLING BALL VISC 110/230	
APPLICATION BREAK SHARP EDGES, DEBURR	APPROVALS DRAWN: TDM 3/12/08 CHECKED: TC 3/12/08 ENGR.: TDM 3/12/08	DATE 3/12/08	SIZE D
THIS DOCUMENT AND THE DRAWINGS AND TECHNICAL DATA CONTAINED HEREON ARE THE PROPERTY OF CHANDLER ENGINEERING COMPANY, LLC. REPRODUCTION OR DISSEMINATION IN ANY FORM EXCEPT AS EXPRESSLY AUTHORIZED BY THE OWNER IS FORBIDDEN. THE HOLDER AGREES TO RETURN THIS DOCUMENT TO THE OWNER ON DEMAND. COPYRIGHT BY CHANDLER ENGINEERING COMPANY, LLC.	DWG NO. 1602-0017	REV. L	SCALE: 1:2 TITLE BLOCK REV: 2.0 SHEET: 2 of 2

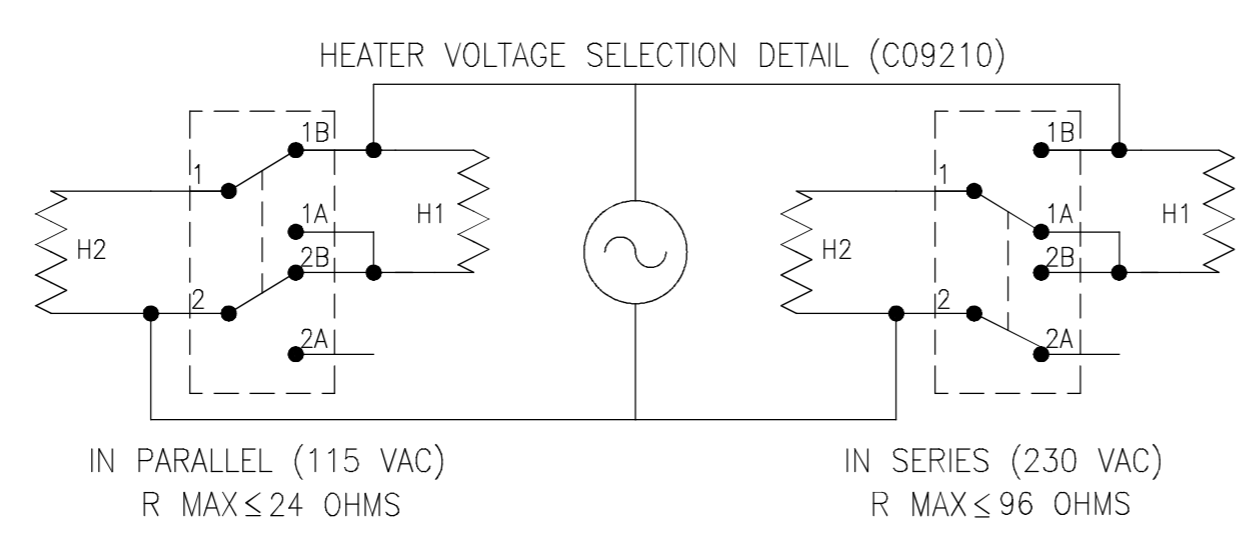
REVISIONS				
ZONE	REV	DESCRIPTION OF REVISION	DATE	APPROVALS
E4	G	ECN T3709, UPDATE JUMPER BAR	3/22-11	SS TC
	H	ECN T5766; ADDED C07993	2/14/14	TC TC



GENERAL PURPOSE FILTER FOR CONTROL OF LINE-TO-GROUND NOISE. 50/60 HZ. 115/230VAC 24-623



- C08226 STOP,END (x2)
- C09740 T BLOCK, BLK (x3)
- C10435 T BLOCK, WHITE (x3)
- C09742 T BLOCK, YEL/GRN (x3)
- C09738 T BLOCK, BLUE (x4)
- C09739 T BLOCK, RED (x2)
- C07990 JUMPER BAR (x2)
- C07991 SECT, END,GRAY (x4)
- C07994 DIN RAIL, IDEC BAM-1000



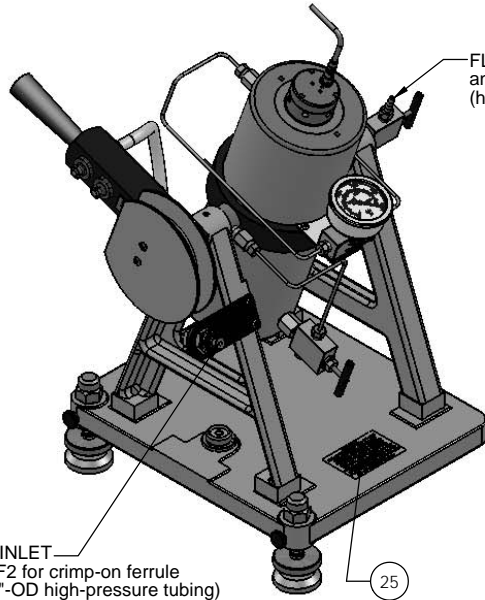
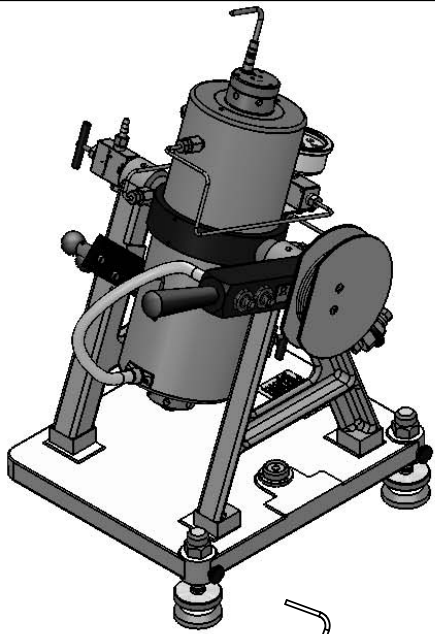
1609-723	UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS IN INCHES [mm]	<b>CHANDLER ENGINEERING</b>	
1609-722	TOLERANCES:		
1609-721	1 PLACE ±	TITLE CONTROL BOX ASSEMBLY VISCOMETER	
	2 PLACE ±		
	3 PLACE ±		
	ANGLES ±		
	SURF. FINISH	DATE	
NEXT ASSY	USED ON	APPROVALS	DATE
		DRAWN: BJW	2/28/08
		CHECKED: TC	2/28/08
		ENGR.: BJW	2/28/08
APPLICATION		SIZE	S.O. NO.
		A2	
Copyright by Chandler Engineering Company LLC		DWG NO.	REV.
		1602-0020	H
		SCALE: 1 = 1	DO NOT SCALE DRAWING SHEET: 1 of 1

CAUTION: SEE MANUFACTURES MANUAL FOR INSTALLATION OF C11734 AND C11735

C12317 "ALARM LATCH" NOTE: SET DIALS TO 350F SET SW2 & SW4 TO ON (DIP SWITCHES ON SIDE)

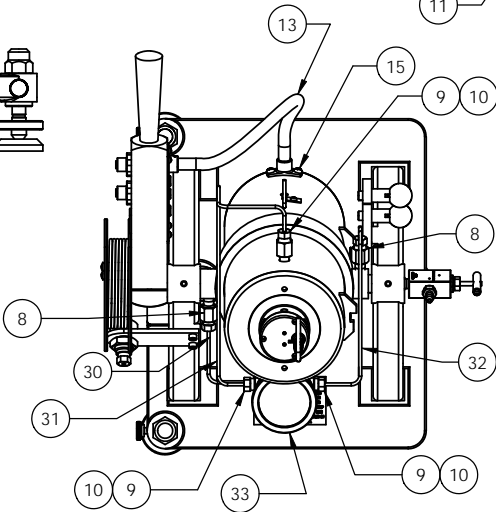
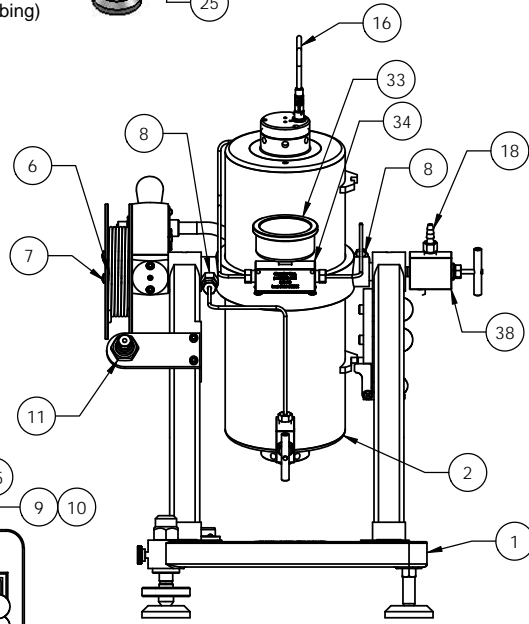
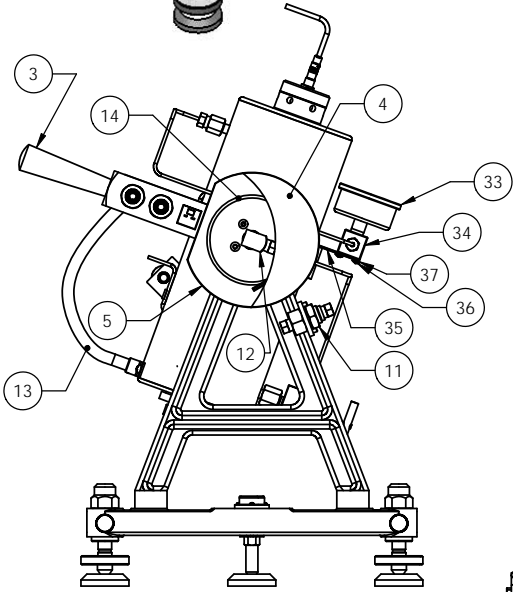
C11161 "BOTTOM" WHT RED  
R<sub>3</sub> / R<sub>4</sub> 619 OHM  
C07859 (x2) WHT RED  
C11161 "TOP"

REVISIONS				
ZONE	REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
G		ECN T3276: REVERSE TUBE CONNECTIONS ON TRUNNION. CREATE TUBE 1 AND TUBE 2 DETAILS	9/2/2010	JJM
H		ECN T4020: Item 18 was #1602-0036. Item 31 was #1602-717-TUBE2. Add Items 32 - 38.	7/28/11	DAH



FLUID OUTLET, GAS VENT and VACUUM  
(hose barb for 1/4"-ID hose)

FLUID INLET  
(HIP AF2 for crimp-on ferrule for 1/8"-OD high-pressure tubing)



ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	1602-0028	STAND ASSY, HI PRS VISC	1
2	1602-1	CELL ASSEMBLY, RBV	1
3	1602-0026	ASSY, ARM CONNECTIONS	1
4	1600-1-65	PLATE 2, SPIRAL DVR -HIPRSVISC	1
5	1600-1-64	SPIRAL COVER PLATE	1
6	75-236	SPACER .375DX .88LX .140ID	2
7	71-137-1101	OHMS 10-32 X 1/2SS	2
8	C10819	ADAPTER, SS, 1/8FHPX1/8MP, HIP	2
9	C10314	GLAND, HIP, 1/8	6
10	C10681	SLEEVE, 1/8 HIP AF2, 316SS	6
11	C10796	CPLG, BULKHEAD, HIP 1/8 AF2, SS	1
12	1602-0027	FTG, ANG, 1/8NPTMXAF2	1
13	1602-0031	HEATER CABLE JACKET ASSY	1
14	1600-16-67	COIL, HELIX	1
15	71-114-501	SCREW, RHMS, SS, 10-24X0.250, SLOT	2
16	1602-0035	ASSY, SOLENOID CABLE	1
17	1602-9	CABLE, BOTTOM CONTACT - RBV	1
18	1602-1204	ADAPTER, 1/8AM2-1/4HOSE BARB, SS	1
19	C10487	WRENCH, SPANNER, 0.187, PIN	1
20	C10488	WRENCH, SPANNER, 0.250, PIN	1
21	C12555	BALL, NICKEL 200, .248"DIA	2
22	C12556	BALL, NICKEL 200, .252"DIA	2
23	C12557	BALL, NICKEL 200, .234"DIA	2
24	86-871	SS, TBG, 0.125X0.035W, 316, ANNLD	20'
25	99236-260	WARNING LABEL	1
26	-1602-0001P	PROC, PRESSURE TEST	REF
27	-1602-0002P	PROC, CALIBRATION	REF
28	-1602-0003P	PROC, PRESS CONTROLLER CAL	REF
29	-1602-0020	WIRING DIAGRAM	REF
30	1602-717-TUBE1	TUBE, RBV, SHAFT-TO-BOTTOM, SS	1
31	1602-717-TUBE3	TUBE, RBV, TOP-TO-TEE, SS	1
32	1602-717-TUBE4	TUBE, RBV, TEE-TO-SHAFT, SS	1
33	C10334	GAUGE, 10000PSI, 2.5", 1/4NPT, SS	1
34	1602-1201	TEE, 1/8AF2-1/4NPT-1/8AF2, SS	1
35	1602-1202	BRACKET, GAUGE TEE, SS	1
36	H-6015	SCREW, THMS, SS, 6-32X0.375, PHIL	6
37	H-6001	WSHR, LOCK, SS, #6	6
38	C13236	VALVE, ANGLE, RUP DISK, 10KSI, SS	1

NEXT ASSY		USED ON	APPLICATION	APPROVALS	DATE
BREAK SHARP EDGES, DEBURR					

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UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS IN INCHES	
TOLERANCES:	
1 PLACE	±0.030
2 PLACE	±0.010
3 PLACE	±0.005
ANGLES	±1/2°
SURF. FINISH	32/
DRAWN: TDM	6/12/08
CHECKED: BW	6/12/08
ENGR.: TDM	6/12/08

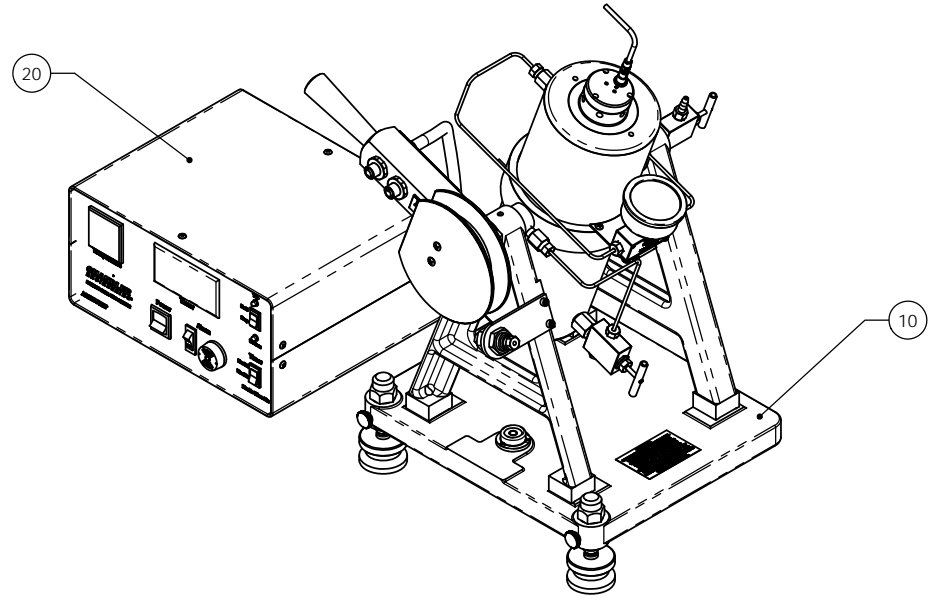
**CHANDLER ENGINEERING**

TITLE: **VISC W/O CONT 240V H2S SRVC**

SIZE: C DWG NO. **1602-717** REV. **H**

SCALE: 1:4 TITLE BLOCK REV: 2.0 SHEET: 1 OF 1

REVISIONS				
ZONE	REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
	G	ECN T3276: UPDATED ARTWORK AND TUBING LOCATIONS	9/2/2010	JJM
	H	ECN T4020: UPDATED BOM	7/28/11	TC



ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
10	1602-717	VISC W/O CONT 240V H2S SRVC	1
20	1602-0017	ASSY. CONTROL BOX	1
30	1602-ACCESS	ACCESSORIES, MODEL 1602	1
0	-1602-0002P	PROC. CALIBRATION	REF
0	-1602-0003P	PROC. TEMP CONTROLLER SETUP	REF
0	-1602-0004P	PROC. CONTROL BOX SETUP/TEST	REF

QTY. REQD.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL SPEC.	ITEM
				1
NEXT ASSY		USED ON	PARTS LIST	
APPLICATION		UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS IN INCHES		
BREAK SHARP EDGES, DEBURR		TOLERANCES: 1 PLACE ±0.030 2 PLACE ±0.010 3 PLACE ±0.005 ANGLES ±1/2° SURF. FINISH ✓		
APPROVALS		DATE	TITLE	
DRAWN: JJM		09/02/10	CHANDLER ENGINEERING	
CHECKED: TC		9/2/10	VISCOSIMETER, 220VAC, H2S	
ENGR.: JJM		09/02/10	SIZE C	DWG NO. 1602-830
		SCALE: 1:8	TITLE BLOCK REV: 2.0	SHEET: 1 of 1

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## APPENDIX I

### EXAMPLE CALIBRATION AND MEASUREMENT

The following is an example test using the Chandler Rolling Ball Viscometer.

#### CALIBRATION

This example calibration was performed using the Cannon S6 Viscosity Standard with a 0.249 Ball (density  $\rho_B = 8.8469$  g/cc), a Test Temperature of 77°F and at atmospheric pressure. A REPORT OF CALIBRATION was included with the Viscosity Standard. That report listed the Viscosity ( $\mu_C$ ) and Density ( $\rho_F$ ) at various temperatures. Several roll tests were conducted at each Roll Angle until consistent results were obtained.

Calibration Fluid			
<b>Test Temperature</b>	77 °F		
<b>Fluid Density (<math>\rho_F</math>)</b>	0.8723 g/mL		
$\Delta\rho$ ( $\rho_B - \rho_F$ )	7.9746 g/mL		
<b>Known Viscosity (<math>\mu_C</math>)</b>	103.9 cP		
<b>Roll Angle</b>	70°	45°	23°
<b>Mean Roll Time (<math>t</math>)</b>	159.4418 s	199.325 s	321.2714 s
<b>Calibration Constant (<math>K</math>)</b> $K = \mu_C / (t \Delta\rho)$	0.081715	0.065365	0.040554

#### VISCOSITY MEASUREMENT

This example viscosity measurement was then performed using the test fluid at the same test conditions of the calibration (0.249 ball, 77°F Test Temperature, atmospheric pressure). The density of the test fluid at test temperatures was measured or obtained prior to the test. Again, several roll tests were conducted at each Roll Angle until consistent results were obtained.

Test Fluid			
<b>Test Temperature</b>	77 °F		
<b>Fluid Density (<math>\rho_F</math>)</b>	0.8731 g/mL		
$\Delta\rho$ ( $\rho_B - \rho_F$ )	7.9738 g/mL		
<b>Mean Roll Time (<math>t</math>)</b>	12.5996 s	15.3884 s	25.072 s
<b>Measured Viscosity (<math>\mu_M</math>)</b> $\mu_M = K t \Delta\rho$	8.2097 cP	8.0205 cP	8.1075 cP

## APPENDIX II

### VISCOSITY UNIT CONVERSION FACTORS

<b>1 cP =</b>	<b>Customary Unit</b>	<b>= cP</b>
1.450 377 378 E - 7	<b>(lbf-s)/in<sup>2</sup></b>	6.894 757 290 E + 6
2.088 543 423 E - 5	<b>(lbf-s)/ft<sup>2</sup></b>	4.788 025 900 E + 4
1.019 716 213 E - 4	<b>(kgf-s)/m<sup>2</sup></b>	9.806 650 E + 3
6.719 689 948 E - 4	<b>lbm/(ft-s)</b>	1.488 163 900 E + 3
0.01	<b>(dyne-s)/cm<sup>2</sup></b>	100
0.001	<b>Pa·s</b>	1000
2.419 088 329	<b>lbm/(ft·hr)</b>	0.413 378 870

## APPENDIX III

### VISCOSITY STANDARDS

#### Cannon S6

(example; see Calibration sheet)

Temperature (°F)	Viscosity (Centipoise)	Density (gm/cc)
77	7.86	0.873
122	3.77	0.854
212	1.45	0.822

#### Cannon S60

(example; see Calibration sheet)

Temperature (°F)	Viscosity (Centipoise)	Density (gm/cc)
77	104.1	0.873
122	29.77	0.858
212	6.23	0.826

#### DOW CORNING 200-5 FLUID

Temperature (°F)	Viscosity (Centipoise)	Density (gm/cc)
77	4.60	0.920
100	3.60	0.908
150	2.32	0.883
250	1.31	0.836

#### NORMAL HEXANE

Temperature (°F)	Viscosity (Centipoise)	Density (gm/cc)
77	0.311	0.655
100	0.277	0.644
110	0.263	0.639

#### PROPANE

Pressure (PSIA)	Temperature (°F)	Viscosity (cP)	Density (g/cc)
600	100	0.0905	0.485
800	100	0.0932	0.489
1000	100	0.0956	0.492
1500	100	0.1017	0.501

## APPENDIX IV

### VISCOSITY AND DENSITY CALCULATIONS

- A. To convert centistokes to centipoise

Centipoise (cP) = Centistokes (cSt) x calculated density at temperature of test. That is:

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Stokes} = \text{cm}^2 / \text{s} \quad \text{Poise} = \text{g} / \text{cm-s} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \text{cSt} = \text{cP} / (\text{g} / \text{cm}^3) \Leftrightarrow \text{cP} = \text{cSt} \cdot (\text{g} / \text{cm}^3) \\ \text{square centimeters} \quad \text{grams per} \\ \text{per second} \quad \text{centimeter-seconds} \end{array}$$

- B. To compute density at different temperatures

From D-C Silicone notes #200-5; fluid has density (specific gravity) of 0.920 at 77°F.

Coefficient of cubic expansion per °C =  $10.5 \times 10^{-4}$ ; per °F =  $5.8 \times 10^{-4}$

$$\rho = \frac{\rho (t = 77^\circ)}{1 + c \Delta t}$$

EXAMPLE:

$$(t = 100^\circ F) \Rightarrow \frac{0.920}{1 + [(5.8 \times 10^{-4})(+23)]} \Rightarrow \frac{0.920}{1.0133} \Rightarrow 0.908 \text{ g / cc}$$

$$(t = 150^\circ F) \Rightarrow 0.883$$

$$(t = 250^\circ F) \Rightarrow 0.836$$

## **GLOSSARY OF TERMS**

1. **ADJUSTMENT, ANGLE** - Process of changing the slope of an imaginary line along the length of the measuring barrel.
2. **ASSEMBLY, TEST** - That portion of an instrument which is used primarily in the final analysis of experimental events or activities.
3. **BLEED** - To let a fluid, liquid, or gas, escape under controlled conditions from a pipe, or container through a valve or outlet.
4. **BOILING POINT, FLUID** - The temperature at which the vapor pressure of the fluid equals the environmental pressure surrounding the fluid.
5. **CALIBRATE** - To determine by measurement or comparison with a standard, the correct value of each scale reading on a device or setting on a control knob so that a system will operate within a certain limit.
6. **CELL, BATH** - A process tank in which fluid samples are usually prepared for testing.
7. **CENTIPOISE** - A unit of absolute viscosity equal to 0.01 poise. A poise is a unit of dynamic viscosity equal to the dynamic viscosity of a fluid in which there is a tangential force, 1 dyne per square centimeter, resisting the flow of two parallel fluid layers past each other when their differential velocity is 1 centimeter per second per centimeter of separation.
8. **CHANGE** - To introduce or load a fluid material into a pressure chamber.
9. **CONTINUITY, CIRCUIT** - Continuous effective contact of components of an electric circuit to give a high conductance path by providing low resistance along the current flow path.
10. **CORRECTION FACTOR, TEMPERATURE** - A quantity added or subtracted to a calculated or observed temperature value to obtain the true value.
11. **CURVE, CALIBRATION** - A plot of calibration data giving the correct value for each indicated reading of a meter or control dial.
12. **DATA, REPRODUCIBLE** - Information that is duplicated with the same type measuring device.
13. **DENSITY, FLUID-BALL** - The mass of a given substance per unit volume.
14. **EVACUATE** - To remove a fluid or gas from an enclosure.
15. **FLUID SINGLE-PHASE** - The state of a substance, as a gas or liquid, but not in combination of the two.
16. **FREQUENCY, BASE** - The fundamental frequency from which all other required frequencies are derived.
17. **GAS CHAMBER** - The volume above the upper barrel support.
18. **MEASURING JUNCTION** - Usually as in thermocouples, the measuring junction is one of two points between which a thermo-electric voltage is developed and observed.

19. PVT SYSTEM - Set of precision instruments used for observing pressure, volume and temperature of a test sample.
20. REPEATABILITY, MEASUREMENT - The level of accuracy with which a system permits the operator to duplicate a measured value.
21. TEST CHAMBER - The volume inside and outside the test barrel filled from lower plug to the top of the upper barrel support.
22. VISCOSITY, RELATIVE - As distinguished from absolute, an index used to determine the actual viscosity value.
23. VISCOSITY STANDARD – A reference fluid used for calibration and verification of kinematic and dynamic viscosity test equipment.



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## Please Send Us Your Comments on This Manual

Model Number \_\_\_\_\_ Serial Number \_\_\_\_\_

Printing Date of this manual (from the Title Page) \_\_\_\_\_

Please circle a response for each of the following statements. Use:

(1)= Strongly agree (2) =Agree (3) =Neutral, no opinion (4) =Disagree (5) =Strongly disagree

- |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| a) The manual is well organized.                | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| b) I can find the information I want.           | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| c) The information in the manual is accurate.   | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| d) I can easily understand the instructions.    | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| e) The manual contains enough examples.         | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| f) The examples are appropriate and helpful.    | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| g) The manual layout is attractive and useful.  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| h) The figures are clear and helpful.           | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| i) The sections I refer to most often are _____ |   |   |   |   |   |

Other comments \_\_\_\_\_

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