# INSTRUCTION MANUAL MODEL 7120 STIRRED FLUID LOSS CELL

(Original Instructions) Revision F – May 2025 P/N: 71-1152



**AMETEK®** 

2001 N. Indianwood Ave.
Broken Arrow, Oklahoma 74012 U.S.A.
Telephone: 918-250-7200 FAX: 918-459-0165
Email: chandler.sales@ametek.com
Website: www.chandlereng.com



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## **General Information**

### Introduction

This manual contains installation, operation, and maintenance instructions for the Chandler Engineering Model 7120 Stirred Fluid Loss.

#### Purpose and Use

The Model 7120 Chandler Stirred Fluid Loss Test Apparatus (Drawing 7120) is a high-pressure, high-temperature apparatus used to perform stirred fluid loss testing of cement slurries in accordance with ISO 10426 and API 10A standards.

#### **Description**

The Fluid Loss Tester cylinder assembly includes an impeller that is rotated at 150 rpm. The mixing speed matches the impeller speed used in pressurized Consistometers during thickening time tests, allowing the sample to be conditioned in the cylinder. At the completion of the simulated thickening-time test, the cylinder assembly is inverted to start the fluid loss test. A graduated cylinder or the back-pressure receiver is used to collect the filtrate for measurement of the fluid loss characteristics of the slurry.

Heat to the cylinder is supplied by an external, electrical-resistance, tubular heater around the cylinder. Cylinder temperature is sensed by a thermocouple in the cell wall and is controlled by a temperature controller.

A supply of compressed air, nitrogen, or other inert gas is required for cylinder pressurization. The pressure of the gas supplied to the cylinder and filtrate chambers is adjusted using pressure regulators mounted on the front panel of the apparatus. Pressure is released from the cylinder using the pressure release valve mounted on the front panel.

A water jacket for cooling of the test cylinder is built into the unit. Water inlet and outlet connections are provided at the rear of the instrument. The flow of cooling water is controlled using a panel-mounted coolant switch.

## **Specifications**

- Meets requirements of ISO 10426-2, Section 10 for Stirred Fluid Loss Tests
- 2000 psi / 0-13,900 kPa Cylinder Pressure Gauge and Regulator
- 160 psi / 0-1200 kPa Filtrate Pressure Gauge and Regulator
- 450°F / 0-232°C Programmable Temperature Controller
- J-type thermocouple (ASTM E220) mounted in wall of cylinder
- Screen: 45 μm (325 mesh) with a 22.6 cm<sup>2</sup> (3.5 in<sup>2</sup>) filtration area backed by a 250 μm (60 mesh)
- Electronic Timer
- Cylinder Cooling Jacket
- Variable Speed DC Motor Drive
- Filtrate Collection Cylinder
- 50 ml Graduated Cylinder

#### **Operating Conditions**

Input Voltage: 208 – 240 VAC

Input Current: 8A

Frequency: 50 / 60 HZ, 1PHASE

Maximum Working Temperature: 450°F (232°C)

Minimum Working Temperature: 41°F (5°C)

Heater Wattage: 700 W

Maximum Water Pressure (for cooling): 100 psi (689 kPa)

Maximum Cylinder Pressure: 2000 psi (13,900 kPa) Cylinder Volume: 500 ml (approximate)

Collection Volume: 100 ml in filtrate cylinder (approximate)

Impeller Speed: 150 rpm

#### **Environmental Conditions**

Environment: Indoor Use

Altitude: 6561.6 ft (2000m)

Temperature:  $41^{\circ}\text{F} - 104^{\circ}\text{F} \quad (5^{\circ}\text{C} - 40^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

Relative Humidity: 0% to 95% non-condensing

#### Weights and Dimensions

Dimensions: 35.1" (89cm) high x 19.7 (50cm) wide x 26.2"

(67cm) deep

Net Weight: 125 lbs (56.7 kg)

### **Safety Requirements**

#### READ BEFORE ATTEMPTING OPERATION OF THE INSTRUMENT

The Chandler Engineering Model 7120 Stirred Fluid Loss Cell is designed with operator safety in mind. Any instrument that is capable of high temperatures and pressures should always be operated with **CAUTION**!!

WARNING: Read before attempting operation of instrument. This instrument is capable of high temperatures and pressures and must always be operated with CAUTION. The instrument is designed for operator safety. To ensure that safety it is essential to follow the instructions outlined below.

#### To ensure safety:

- Provide adequate training of all personnel that will operate the instrument.
- Locate the instrument in a low traffic, well ventilated area.
- This is a bench top device; place the instrument on a suitable level and stable surface. Allow adequate clearance around the instrument to provide adequate ventilation and to allow the head assembly to be rotated safely.
- Always position the instrument in such a manner that allows easy access to the power cord.
- Post signs where the instrument is being operated to warn non-operating personnel that high pressure, high temperature equipment is in use.
- Observe caution notes.
- Observe and follow the warning labels on the instrument.
- Never exceed the instrument maximum temperature and pressure ratings.
- Always disconnect main power to the instrument before attempting any repair.
- Turn OFF the heater at completion of each test. Appropriately-rated fire extinguishers should be located within close proximity.
- Avoid contact with moving parts.
- Although the pressure vessel was designed using appropriate materials and techniques, it
  is imperative to monitor the condition of the vessel and related components with a focus
  on safety.
- Note that Chandler Engineering recommends periodic re-inspection and testing of the pressure vessel assembly to maintain the rated temperature and pressure ratings. Without re-inspection and testing, the pressure rating of the vessel assembly should be de-rated as a function of age, usage and condition in accordance with established vessel de-rating schedules at Chandler Engineering. Chandler Engineering supports the design and offers periodic vessel testing services and component replacement if/when required.
- A fire extinguisher, type 8 BC, should be located within 50 feet (15 meters) of the instrument.
- Have the safety officer at your location or laboratory review the safety aspects of the instrument and installation and approve the operational and installation procedures.
- Hearing protection may be necessary during initial startup.
- Before attempting to operate the instrument, the operator must read and understand this manual.

## **Symbols Used on Equipment**

Symbol	Meaning
	Protective Conductor Terminal
4	Hazardous Voltage Inside Disconnect power before opening
	Hot Surface Do Not Touch  Allow to cool before servicing
	Documentation must be consulted in all cases where this caution symbol is marked.
	Pinch Point  Don't touch rotating parts

## Where to Find Help

In the event of problems, contact your local sales representative or Chandler Engineering:

Telephone: 918-250-7200Fax: 918-459-0165

E-mail: chandler.sales@ametek.comWebsite: www.chandlereng.com

Instrument training classes are also available.

## Section 1 – Installation

## **Unpacking the Instrument**

Verify all parts listed on the packing slip have arrived with the instrument. If parts are missing, contact Chandler Engineering immediately.

## **Lifting Instructions**

To position the instrument for installation, a two person lift is recommended. Firmly grasp the bottom of the instrument frame on opposite sides while lifting to ensure the instrument stays level. Do not attempt to lift, carry, or move the instrument with only one person.

## **Utilities Required**

208-240VAC, 8A, 50/60HZ

Water supply

Drain

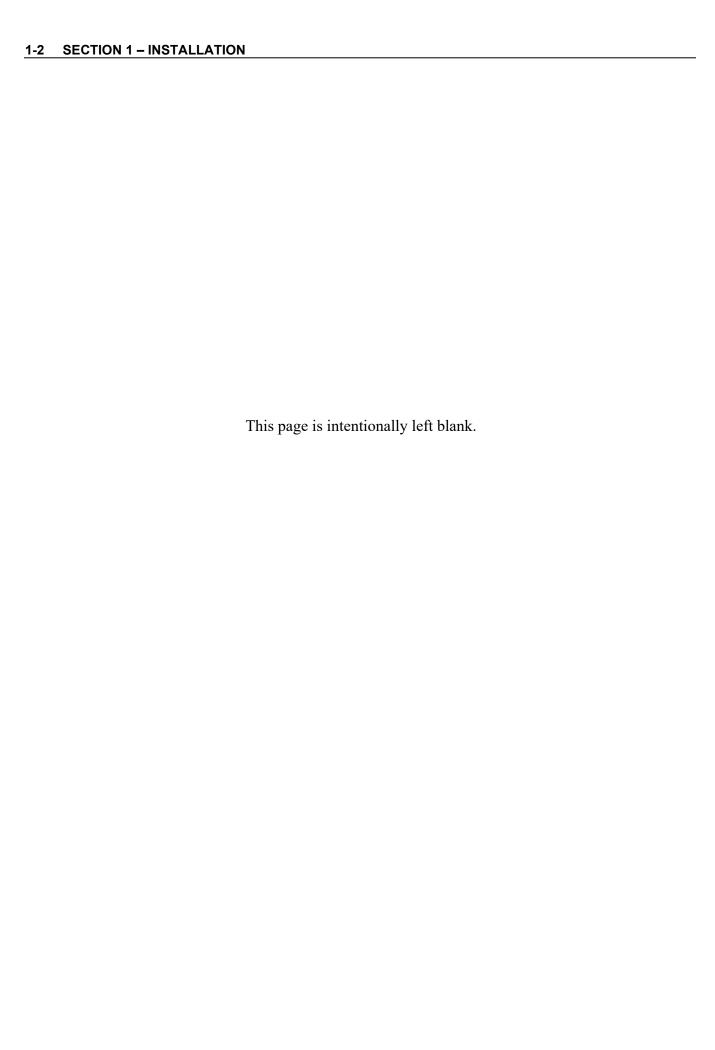
## **Tools/Equipment Required**

Basic hand tools

## **Setting up the Instrument**

- 1. Place the instrument on a sturdy, level table.
- 2. Close the supply and drain valves.
- 3. Connect the water supply and drain lines.
- 4. Connect power cord to the correct voltage source.

*Note:* The instrument is now ready to insert the cylinder and operate.



## Section 2 - Operation

## Fluid Loss Cylinder Assembly

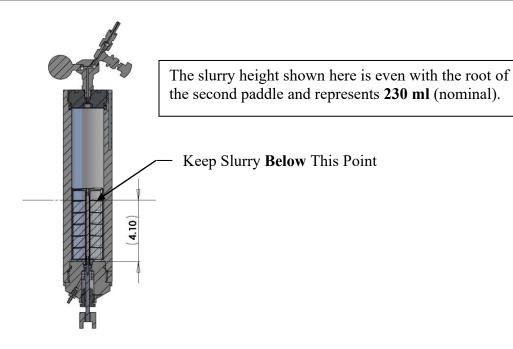
The fluid loss cylinder assembly consists of a stainless steel housing that is sealed with a top housing assembly and a bottom impeller housing assembly. The pressure seal is accomplished using o-rings. The temperature of the cell is measured using a thermocouple located in the cylinder wall. The impeller is driven at 150 rpm using a shaft through the bottom housing assembly. The shaft seal is a high temperature packing material. The packing tension is adjustable by tightening the nut on the bottom of the housing assembly. Pressure is transmitted into the cell using a high pressure quick disconnect and high pressure hose. Pressure enters the cell through the annular area between the paddle shaft and the standpipe assembly. The impeller drive shaft is supported with two bronze bushings that serve to center the shaft and provide a thrust bearing surface. The filter screen is supported between the top cap and a shoulder in the cell and sealed with an o-ring.

#### **Cement Fluid Loss Tests**

Note that the Model 7120 Fluid Loss Testing Apparatus is designed to meet the requirements of ISO 10426, Part 2, Section 10. The following procedures are based on this standard with specific additions that are applicable to the device. We recommend obtaining a copy of ISO 10426, Part 2 in addition to this manual.

#### Low-Temperature Fluid Loss Testing [Below 190°F / 88°C

- 1. Orient the cylinder enclosure to the upright or mid-position detent position.
- 2. Prepare the slurry in accordance with ISO 10426, Part 2 procedures.
- 3. Pour the slurry from the blender into the cylinder, taking care not to spill cement on the cylinder threads. Fill the cylinder up to a level slightly below the second blade from the top of the paddle. Use the Fill Gage 71-0162 as a guide. See the following figure.



NOTE: Using too much slurry in the cell can cause the standpipe to become clogged with cement, preventing the controlled release of pressure.

- 4. Fit the filter screen in place.
- 5. Open the bleed valve, and screw the cap assembly into the threaded cylinder, until finger tight. Close the bleed valve.
- 6. Care must be taken not to rotate the cylinder so that cement slurry comes into contact with the filter screen. If this happens, the slurry residue can bake onto the screen, forming a hard crust and blocking all or part of the screen.
- 7. Lower the cylinder assembly into the enclosure until the cylinder cap is flush with the enclosure's cover (ensure that the latch snaps in place) and insert the thermocouple with cable connected.
- 8. Attach the high pressure hose to the bottom of the cylinder.

NOTE: The hose must be connected to apply pressure to the cell. The quick disconnect will not trap pressure in the cell when the hose is disconnected.

- 9. Verify that the compressed-air supply line or nitrogen gas bottle is connected to the fitting on the back of the instrument cabinet.
- 10. Turn on the master power switch.
- 11. Rotate the cylinder Pressure Regulator clockwise to adjust the cylinder pressure. Apply 500 psi  $\pm 50$  psi / 3500 kPa  $\pm 300$  kPa.
- 12. Turn on the motor switch to agitate the slurry at 150 rpm.
- 13. Enter the desired thickening-time schedule into the temperature controller and turn on the heater switch.
- 14. Start the timer on the front panel or monitor the time display in the temperature controller to record the test time.
- 15. Once the slurry has reached the specified temperature invert the vessel.

#### WARNING: Do not remove the thermocouple without switching the heater off and ending the temperature controller program.

- 16. Apply 1000 psi  $\pm 50$  psi / 7000 kPa  $\pm 300$  kPa differential pressure to the test cell.
- 17. Open the valve below the screen to start the fluid loss test.

#### High-Temperature Fluid Loss Testing [Above 190°F / 88°C

- Orient the cylinder enclosure to the upright or mid-position detent position.
- 2. Prepare the slurry in accordance with ISO 10426, Part 2 procedures.
- Pour the slurry from the blender into the cylinder, taking care not to spill cement onto the cylinder threads. Fill the cylinder up to a level slightly below the top of the impeller standpipe. A scribed line exists in the vessel that may be used as a reference.
- Fit the filter screen in place. 4.
- Open the bleed valve, and screw the cap assembly into the threaded cylinder, until finger tight. Close the bleed valve.
- Care must be taken not to rotate the cylinder so that cement slurry comes into contact with the filter screen. If this happens, the slurry residue can bake onto the screen, forming a hard crust and blocking all or part of the screen.
- Lower the cylinder assembly into the enclosure until the cylinder cap is flush with the enclosure's cover (ensure that the latch snaps in place) and insert the thermocouple with cable connected.
- Attach the high pressure hose to the bottom of the cylinder.

*NOTE:* The hose must be connected to apply pressure to the cell. The quick disconnect will not trap pressure in the cell when the hose is disconnected.

- Verify that the compressed-air supply line or nitrogen gas bottle is connected to the fitting on the back of the instrument cabinet.
- Turn on the master power switch. 10.
- Rotate the cylinder pressure regulator clockwise to adjust the cylinder pressure. Apply 500 psi ±50 psi / 3500 kPa ±300 kPa or sufficient pressure to prevent boiling of water at the test temperature. (Reference Table 1 for vapor pressure of water). Do not close the pressurizing valve.
- 12. Turn on the motor switch to agitate the slurry at 150 rpm.
- 13. Enter the desired thickening-time schedule into the temperature controller and turn on the heater switch.
- 14. Start the timer on the front panel or monitor the time display in the temperature controller to record the test time.
- 15. Once the slurry has reached the specified temperature invert the vessel.

WARNING: Do not remove the thermocouple without switching the heater off and ending the temperature controller program.

- 16. Connect the back-pressure receiver to the test valve below the screen. (Reference Table 1 for vapor pressure of water).
- 17. Apply 1000 psi  $\pm 50$  psi / 7000 kPa  $\pm 300$  differential pressure across the screen. Generally, this pressure will equal 1500 psi  $\pm 50$  psi / 10500 kPa  $\pm 300$  kPa to create the desired

differential pressure. Apply sufficient pressure to the back-pressure receiver to prevent the cement filtrate from boiling at the test temperature.

18. Open the valve below the screen to start the fluid loss test.

Table 1 - Vapor Pressure of Water

Temperature, °F / °C	Vapor Pressure, psi / kPa	Coefficient of volume expansion
		for water at saturation pressure
212°F / 100°C	14.7 psi / 100 kPa	1.04
250°F / 121°C	30 psi / 210 kPa	1.06
300°F / 149°C	67 psi / 460 kPa	1.09
350°F / 177°C	134 psi / 930 kPa	1.12
400°F / 204°C	247 psi / 1700 kPa	1.16
450°F / 232°C	422 psi / 2910 kPa	1.21

#### Recording Fluid Loss Test Results

- 1. Open the bottom valve to start the test within 30 seconds of inverting the cell. Maintain at the specified temperature for the duration of the test.
- 2. Collect the filtrate and record the volume at 30 seconds, 1 min, 2 min, 5 min, 7.5 min, 10 min, 15 min, 25 min and 30 min with accuracy of  $\pm 1$  ml.

NOTE: While conducting fluid loss tests at sample and filtrate temperatures above 190°F (88°C), the filtrate must be cooled to a temperature below the boiling point before collecting the liquid volume. This may be accomplished by chilling the filtrate receiver prior to the test and cooling the receiver during the test.

- 3. Reference ISO 10426, Part 2, Section 10 for details relating to determination and reporting of fluid loss values. The following form may be used for reporting the results in a manner that is consistent with ISO 10426, Part 2, Section 10.
- 4. If nitrogen blows through at less than 30 min, record the volume collected and time at which the blowout occurs.
- 5. Calculate the ISO Fluid Loss, expressed as milliliters per 30 min. For tests that run the entire 30 min without "blowing out," measure the collected filtrate volume, double the value and report it as the fluid loss value. For tests that "blow out" in less than the 30 min test interval, use Equation (16) to calculate the ISO Fluid Loss.

Calculated ISO Fluid Loss = 
$$V_t \frac{10.944}{\sqrt{t}}$$

where,

 $V_t$  = volume of filtrate collected at the time of the blowout, expressed in milliliters t = the time of the blowout, expressed in minutes

6. When reporting the fluid loss of cement slurries, those for which the fluid loss was measured for a full 30 min shall be reported as "ISO Fluid Loss" while those for which the fluid "blew out" in less than 30 min shall be reported as "Calculated ISO Fluid Loss."

#### Form for reporting fluid loss results

Heat-up schedule:		minutes to			°C (°I	F) Test temperature	[°C (°F)/min]	
Conditioning method	[]	Atmospheric	:		[ ] Pressurized		[ kPa, (psi)]	
	[]	Stirred fluid-	loss cell					
	[]	Optional ext	ra condit	tioning	minutes			
Static cell length	[]	12,7 cm (5 ir	1)		[ ] 25,4 cm (10 in)			
Cell type (ends)	[]	Double			[]	Single		
-	.,							
Screen type								
	[]	325 mesh ×	60 mest	n with perfora	ted m	etal back		
Time (min) Filtra	sto/film	olor[]a)	Timo /r	min l		Filtrate ([ ] ml or [ ]	a\	
1,			10			Filliate ([ ] IIII Oi [ ]	9)	
4			15					
			25					
			30					
71/			30					
/ /2								
If filtrate weighed, re	lative d	ensity :	at 26	,7 °C (80 °F)				
API fluid loss			=	ml/3	30 mir	1		
Blowout			=	ml (	(or g)	at min/s		
Calculated API fluid	loss		=	ml/3	30 mii	1		
Filter cake condition	s		=	Thickness <sup>a</sup>		Consistency <sup>b</sup>		
Time from end of start	conditio	ning to test	=	min	Į			
Start								
Temperature			=	Start of test		°C (°F)		
				End of test		°C (°F)		
				Life of toc.				
Location of thermoo	ouple		=	[ ] Cell wall		[ ] In slurry		
Date of calibration o	f sensoi	ns	=			Consistometer	Fluid-loss cell	
				Pressure				
				gauge Thermocou	nlo			
a Thisburses of an	l				_		. ———	
a Thickness: of ca	ike only;	ao not include r	emaining	siurry ir gelied				

Consistency: hard, firm, mushy, gelled, etc.

#### Fluid Loss Test Completion and Clean-up

- 1. Cool the cell to a safe handling temperature (35°C or less) and release the pressure.
- 2. After ensuring that all the pressure is released, remove the cylinder assembly from the heating jacket.

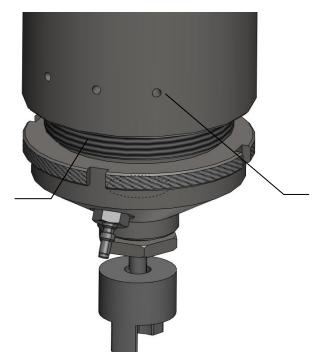
WARNING: Do not attempt to remove the cylinder end plugs without verifying that all pressure has been vented.

Due to the nature of this equipment and sample, it is possible for pressure to remain in the vessel if the sample has blocked the release ports.

If the end plugs are difficult to remove, assume that the vessel is pressurized and proceed with extreme caution. Orient the cylinder assembly with the bleed holes directed away from the operator. Slowly remove the bottom end plug allowing pressure to vent via the bleed holes.

Always remove the bottom plug first. Do not remove the plug with the filtrate screen first. Refer to the illustration below.

- 3. Discard the cement slurry, disassemble the cell and inspect the screen to check for holes or damage. If there is damage to the oring seals or screen, discard the test results and repeat the test.
- 4. Carefully clean the screen to remove cement or additive residue from all components.
- 5. Clean and dry the fluid-loss cell in preparation for the next test. Reconnect the pressure hose to the bottom plug and blow N<sub>2</sub> through until all water and residue is removed from the pressure ports. This action ensures that the ports are clear and ready for the next test. If the bleed holes are blocked with sample, clear them before the next test.
- 6. Verify that the ports in the bottom plug assembly are free from cement. Lubricate the bushings with P-2570 (or equivalent) grease. Clean the impeller stand-pipe. Reassemble the bottom plug assembly, tighten the shaft packing and verify that the impeller shaft turns freely.



Unscrew approximately 0.50in, 13mm

Bleed holes oriented away from operator

## **Controller Setup**

#### Changing a Profile

The controller is pre-configured from the factory. The EZ1 button is used to manually start and stop a profile. The EZ2 button is used to acknowledge the alarm. If you prefer to change or customize a profile, see the Watlow Controller Support Tools CD for additional instructions.

#### Alarm Condition

If an alarm condition occurs, press the EZ2 button to acknowledge the alarm. If the alarm condition continues check the following:

- a. Plug the thermocouple into the front panel;
- b. Insert the thermocouple into the wall of the top plug;
- c. Check the heater connections.

Once the alarm condition is acknowledged, press the EZ1 button to start the test.

*NOTE:* The alarm is to prevent an over temperature condition. The test will not re-start until the EZ1 and EZ2 buttons are reset.

## Section 3 - Maintenance

### **Preventive Maintenance**

- 1. Periodic inspection and lubrication of all bearings is essential to avoid bearing damage. Inspect the bearings, packing and oring in the bottom plug assembly. Lubricate and replace as necessary.
- 2. Inspect the thrust washers in the impeller drive mechanism. Lubricate and replace as necessary.
- 3. As the packing in the cylinder assembly wears, tightening of the packing gland hex nut is required. The packing must be tightened sufficiently to prevent leaking while allowing the shaft to be turned. Apply grease to the packing to reduce sealing friction.
- 4. The motor speed is adjusted to 150 rpm. This adjustment is performed using the potentiometer mounted on the right rear of the instrument enclosure. No other motor adjustments are required.
- 5. Periodic inspection of belt wear and belt tension is necessary. The belt inspection cover may be removed from the top of the drive assembly for this purpose. The belt tension is adjusted by loosening the motor mounting bolts and sliding the motor towards the rear of the unit. Inspect the belt for wear, and replace if it is worn.

## **Bottom Plug Disassembly**

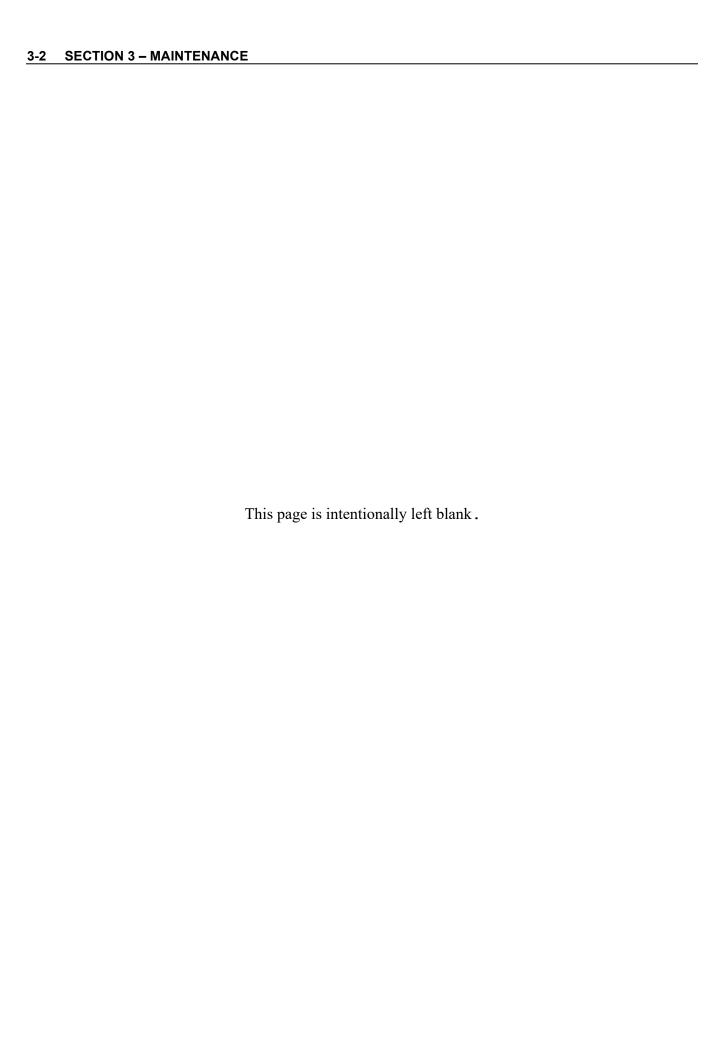
- 1. Remove the bottom plug assembly from the cell.
- 2. Remove the impeller by holding the drive coupling and unscrewing the impeller counterclockwise. Slide the impeller off of the standpipe.
- 3. Remove the standpipe assembly from the plug using a wrench.

*NOTE:* During reassembly, the standpipe threads require Teflon sealing tape.

- 4. Remove the drive coupling from the impeller drive shaft.
- 5. Remove the packing tension adjustment nut from the plug.
- 6. Remove the impeller drive shaft by pushing the shaft through the packing towards the impeller side of the plug.
- 7. Remove and replace the bronze bushings from the plug and the packing tension nut if worn.
- 8. Remove and replace the packing if worn.

NOTE: Replace the packing with approximately 2 inches of packing material (P-3502).

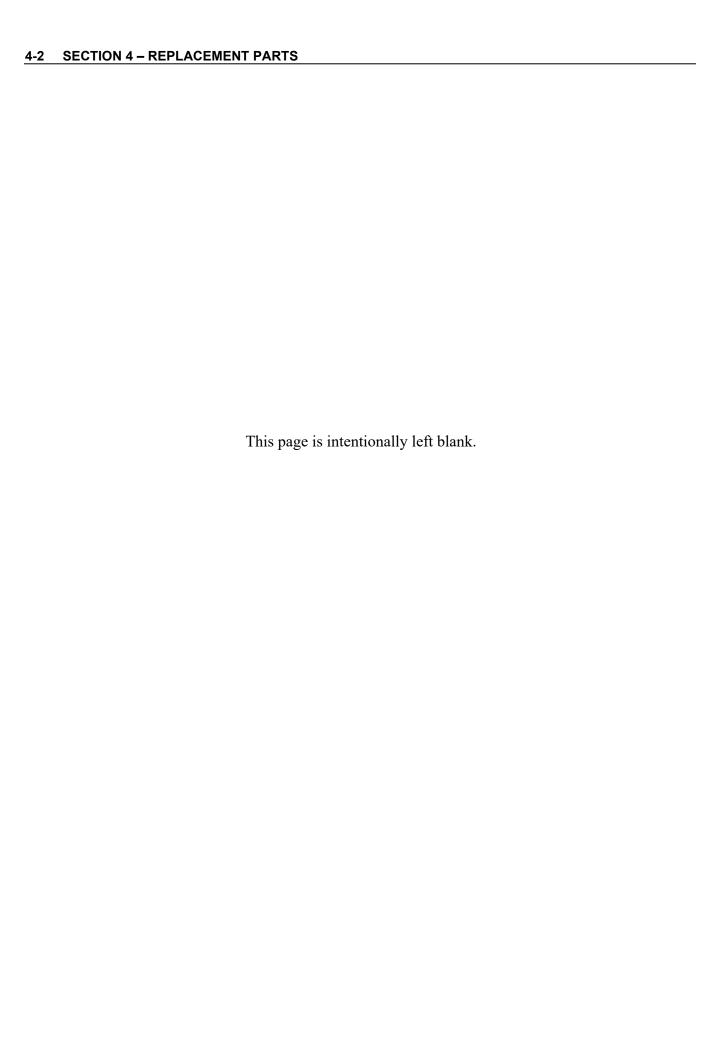
- 9. Inspect that all of the pressure passageways in the plug and the impeller drive shaft are clean.
- 10. Replace the plug oring if worn and after each 400°F (204°C) test.
- 11. Reassemble the bottom plug in reverse order.



## Section 4 - Replacement Parts

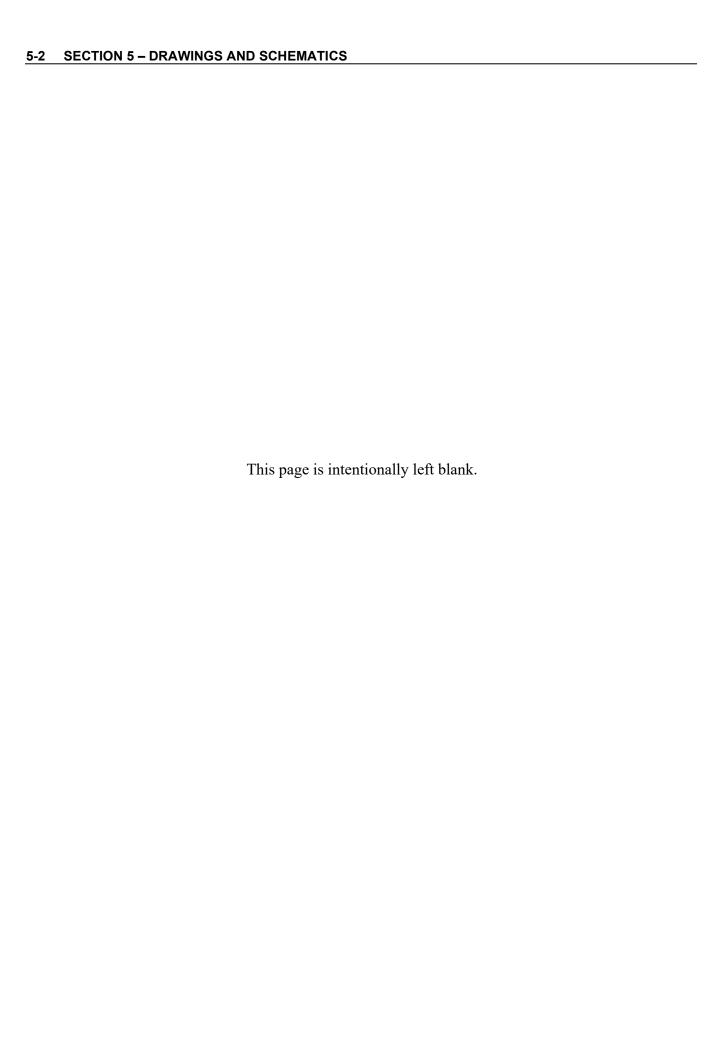
Part Number	Description
71-0109	Heater Assembly
71-0123	Impeller
71-0162	Gage, Sample Fill
C06892	Variable Resistor
C07478	Timer
C07932	Relay, 440 VAC, 32 VDC
C09111	Valve, Needle
C09286	Motor
C09287	DC Controller
C09895	Adapter, 3/8 NPT x 1/4T, SST
C12872	Packing, Grafoil, 625X.250
C16434	Temperature Controller
P-0397	Wrench, Hex (1/8")
P-0417	Terminal Strip, 240V
P-0776	Wrench, Hex (3/32")
P-0779	Wrench, Hex (5/32")
P-2359	Quick Connect Body
P-2368	O-Ring (Filtrate Receiver)
P-2369	O-Ring (Bottom Cylinder Plug)
P-2380	Panel Jack (Thermocouple)
P-2383	Thermocouple Cable
P-2392	Quick-Connect Stem
P-2676	O-Ring (Top Cylinder Stem)
P-2701	Heat Sink
P-2712	50 ml Graduated Cylinder
P-2747	Thermocouple
P-2881	Switch, Panel
P-3107	Solenoid Valve
P-3148	O-Ring (Top Cylinder Plug)
P-3156	Filter
P-3376	Timing Belt
P-3389	Circuit Breaker, 230 VAC version
QX-C-1266	Cord, Power

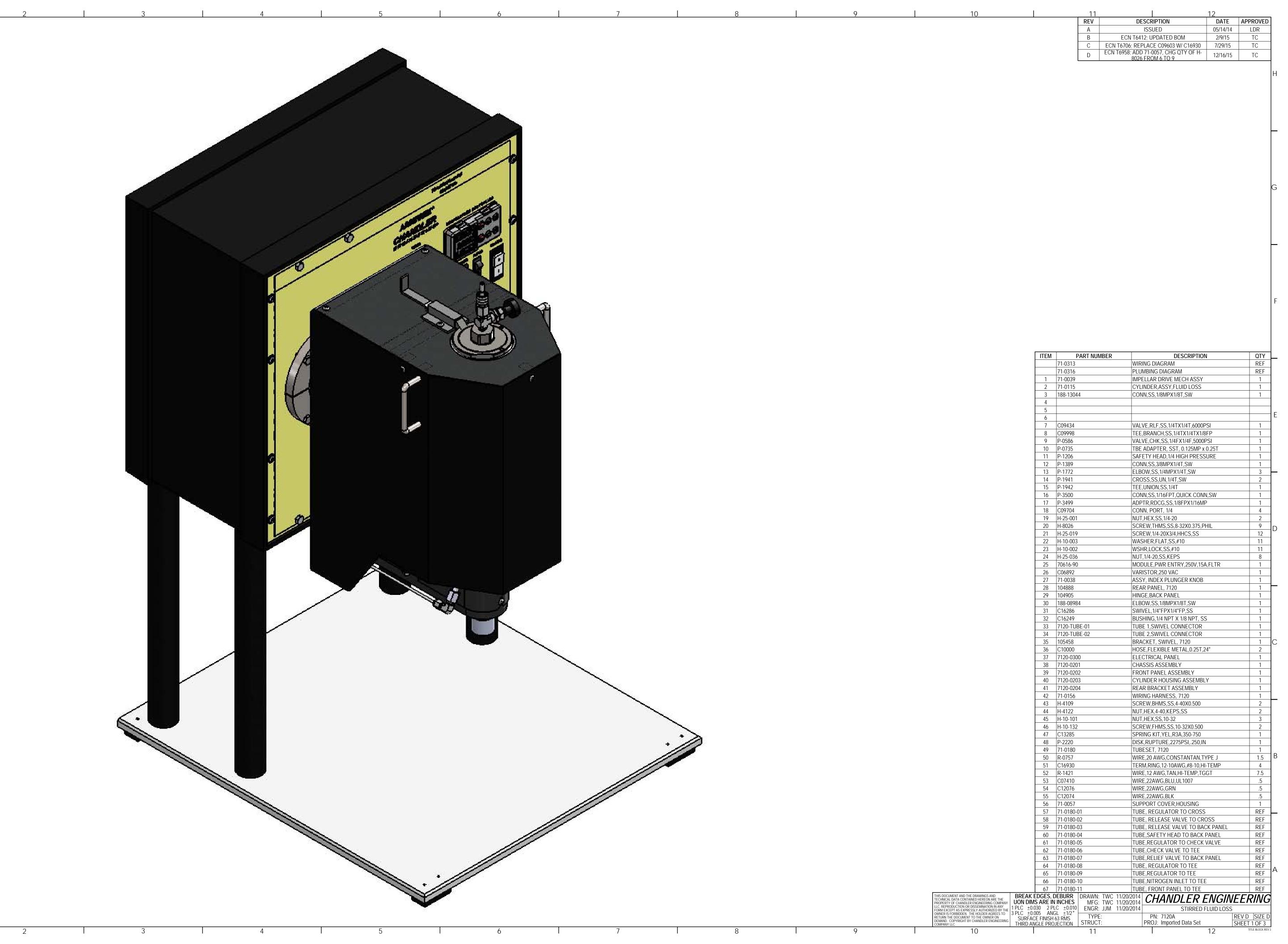
Please give serial number of instrument when ordering Replacement Parts.

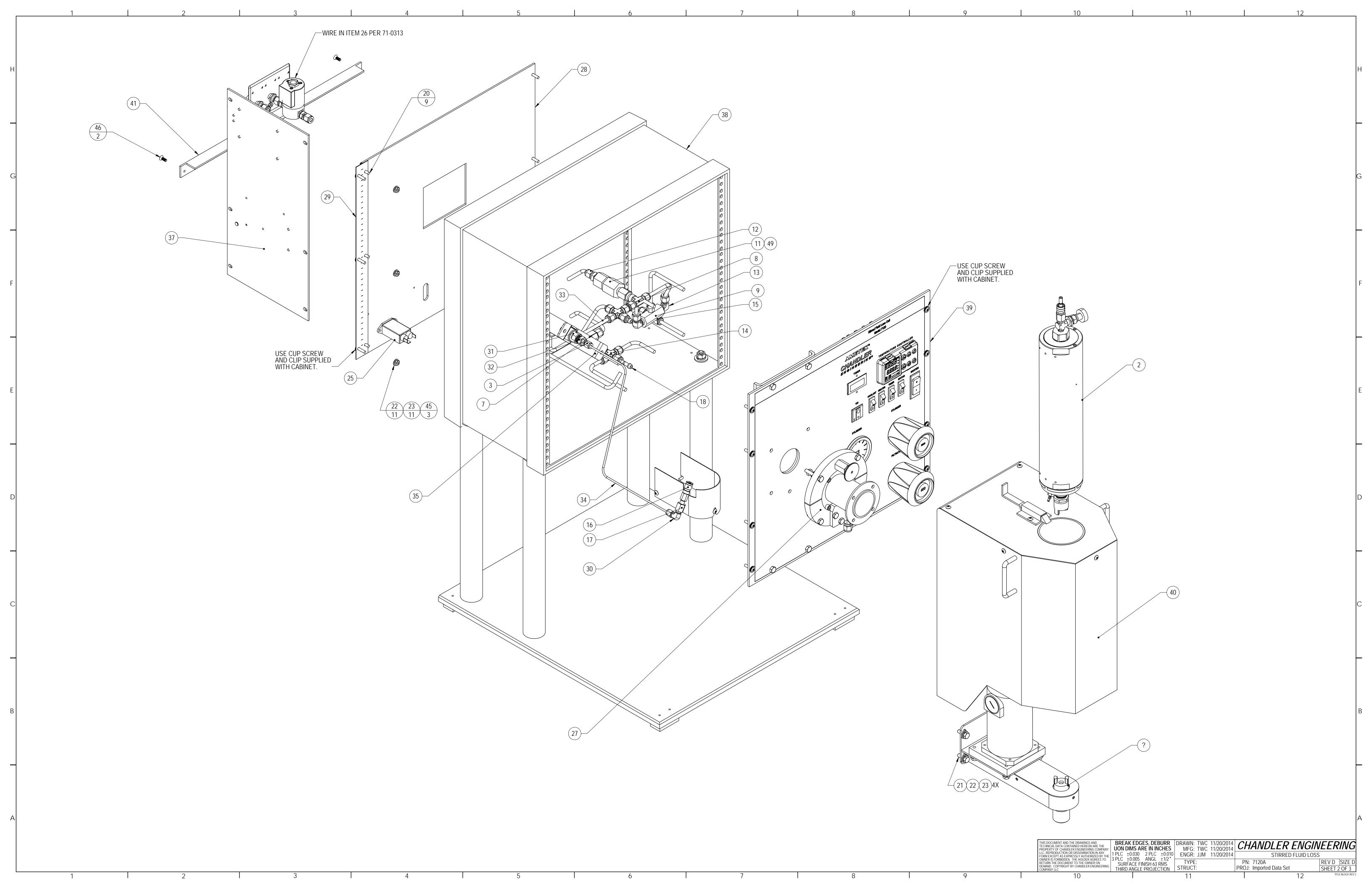


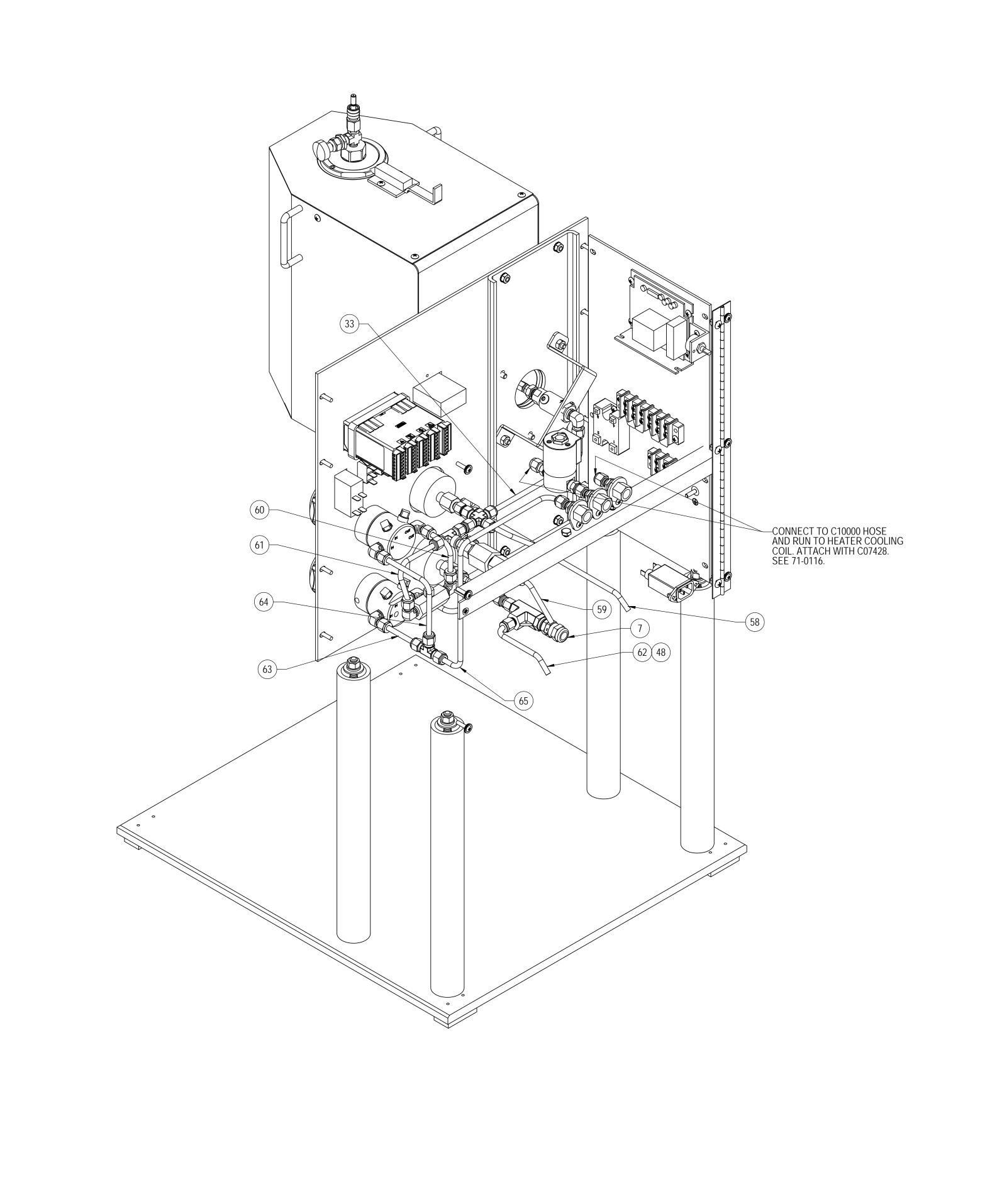
## Section 5 – Drawings and Schematics

Drawing Number	Title
7120A	Stirred Fluid Loss
71-0038	Assembly, Index Plunger Knob
71-0074	Filtrate Receiver
71-0110	Top Cap Assembly
71-0115	Cylinder Assembly
71-0130	Impeller Housing Assembly
71-0313	Diagram, Wiring
71-0316	Diagram, Plumbing









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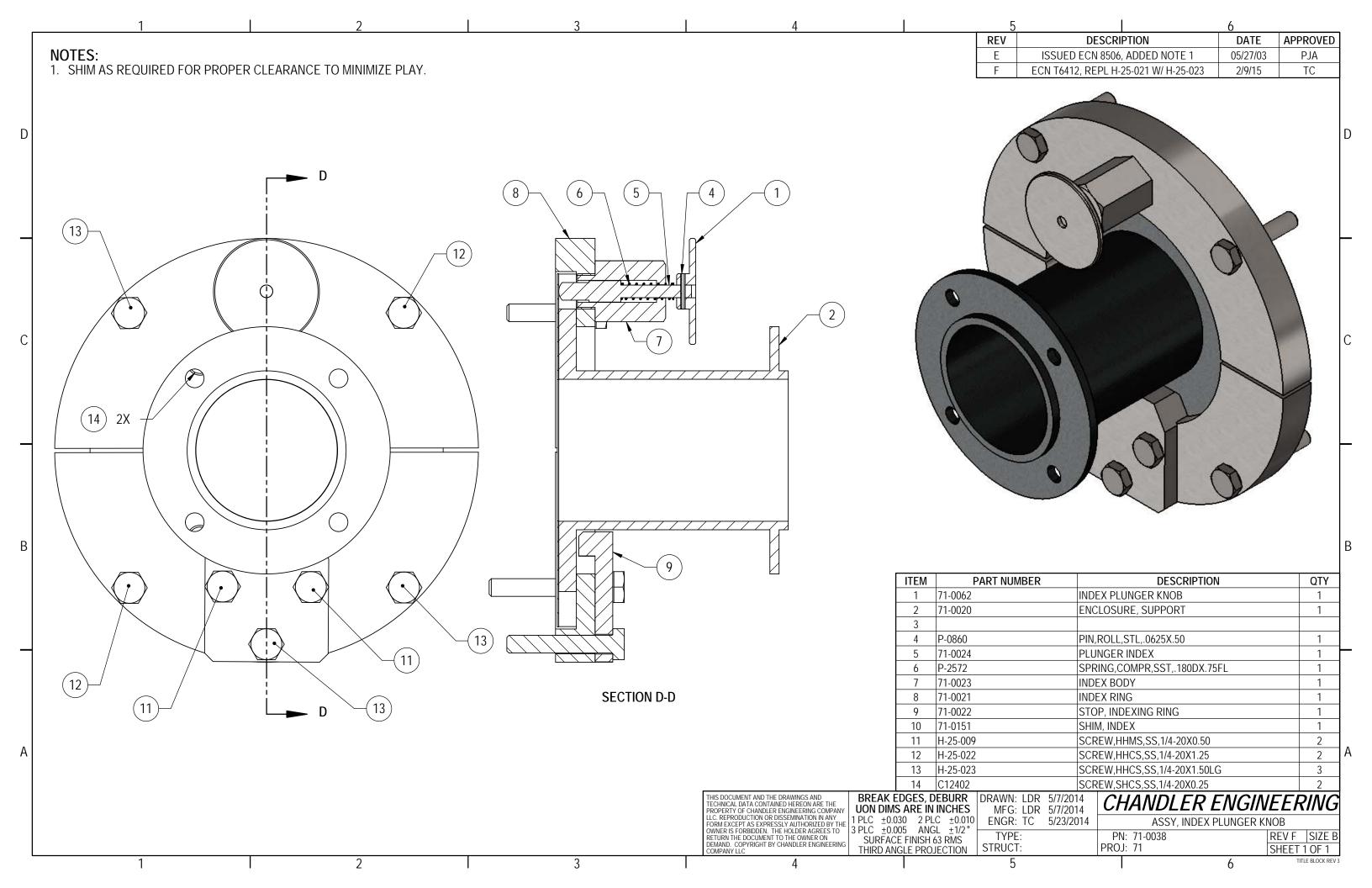
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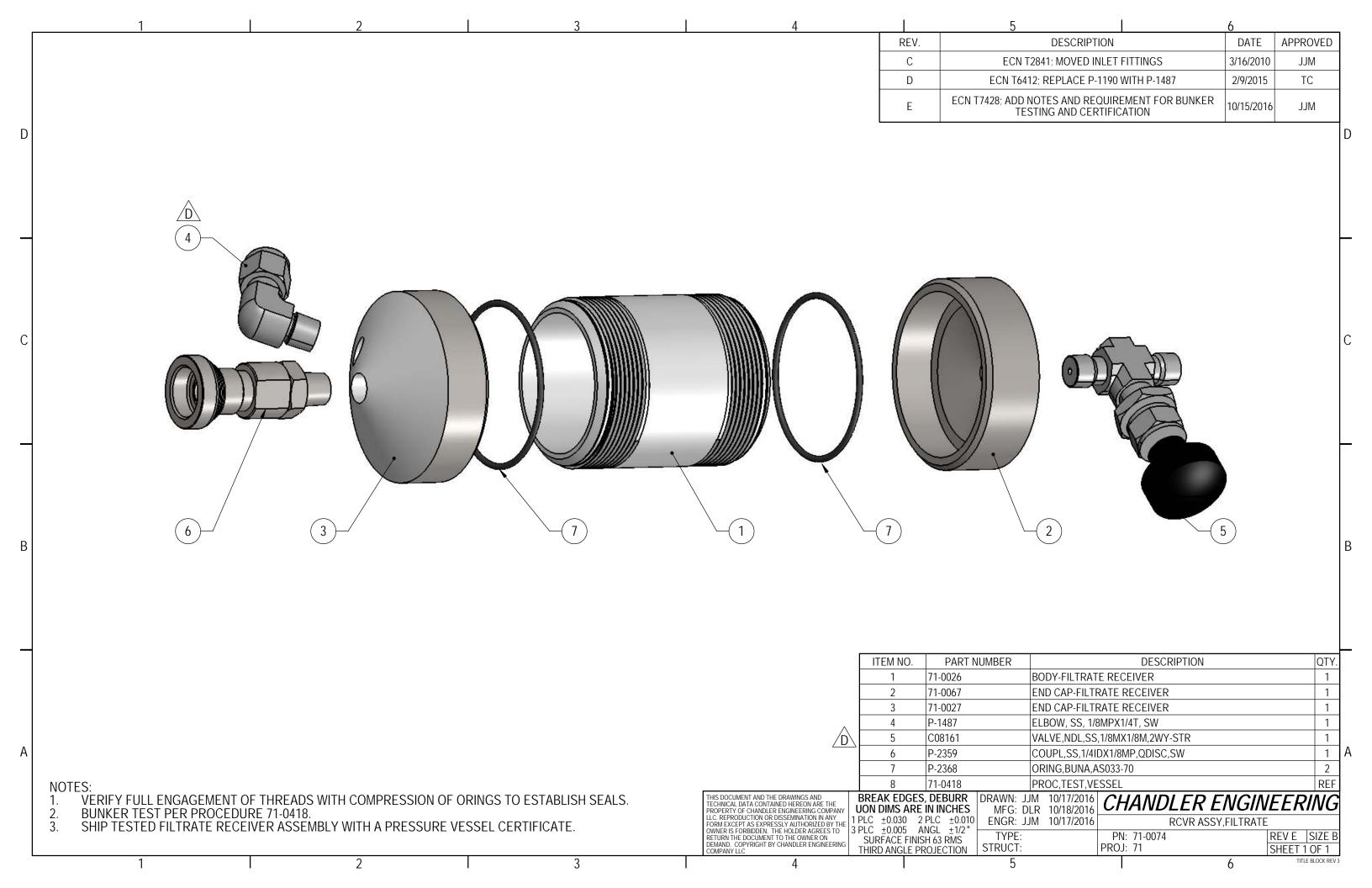
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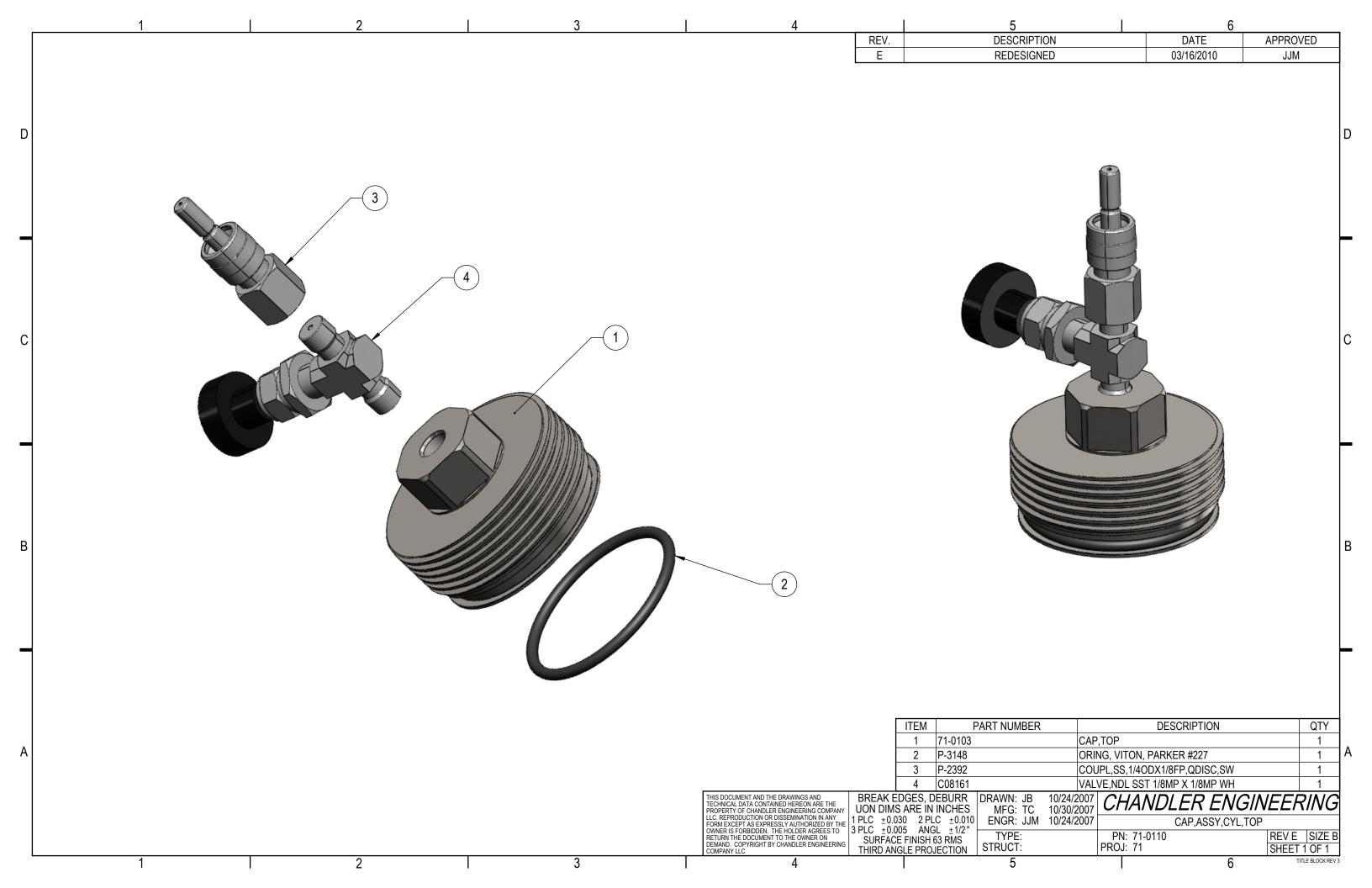
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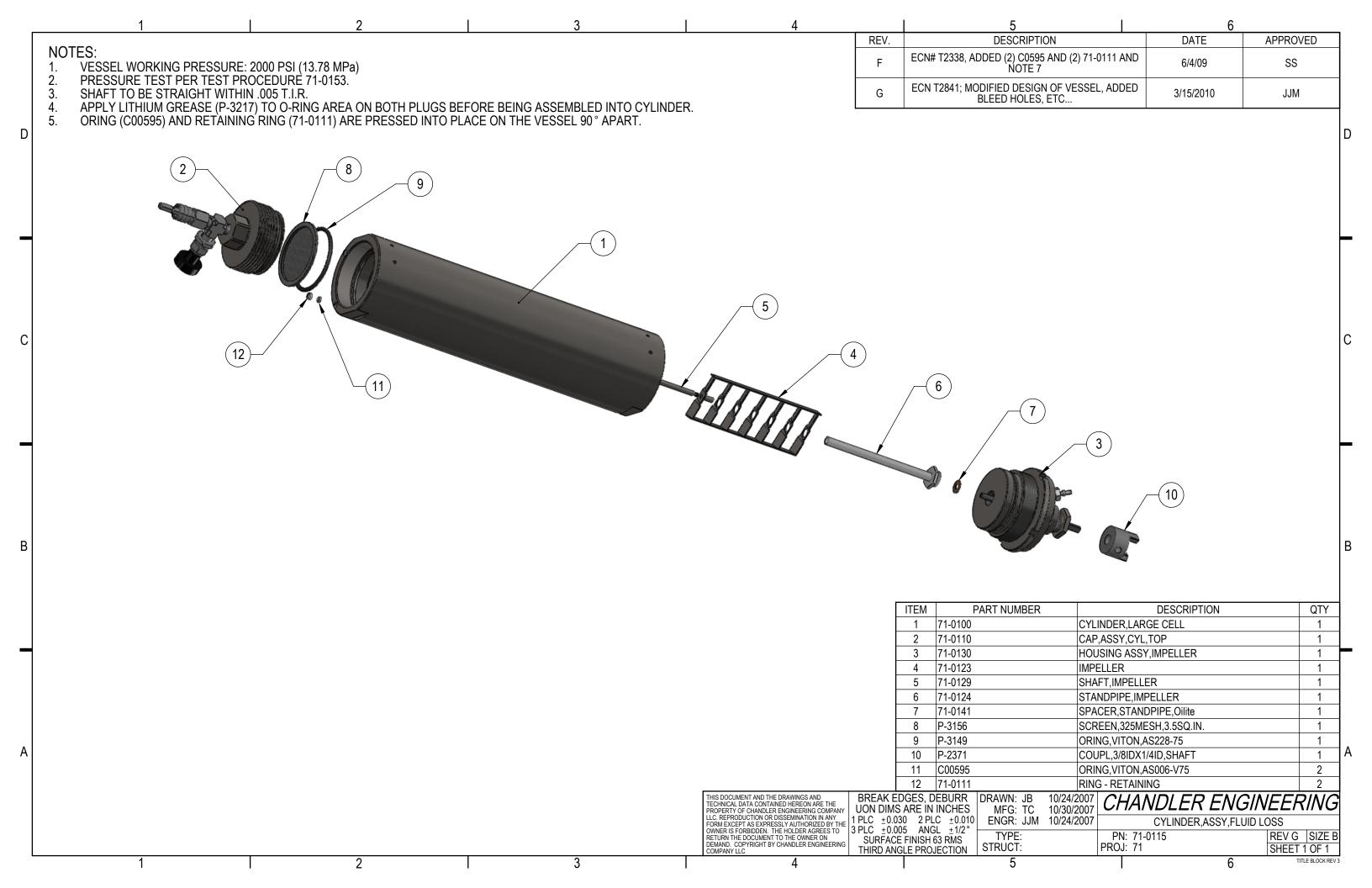
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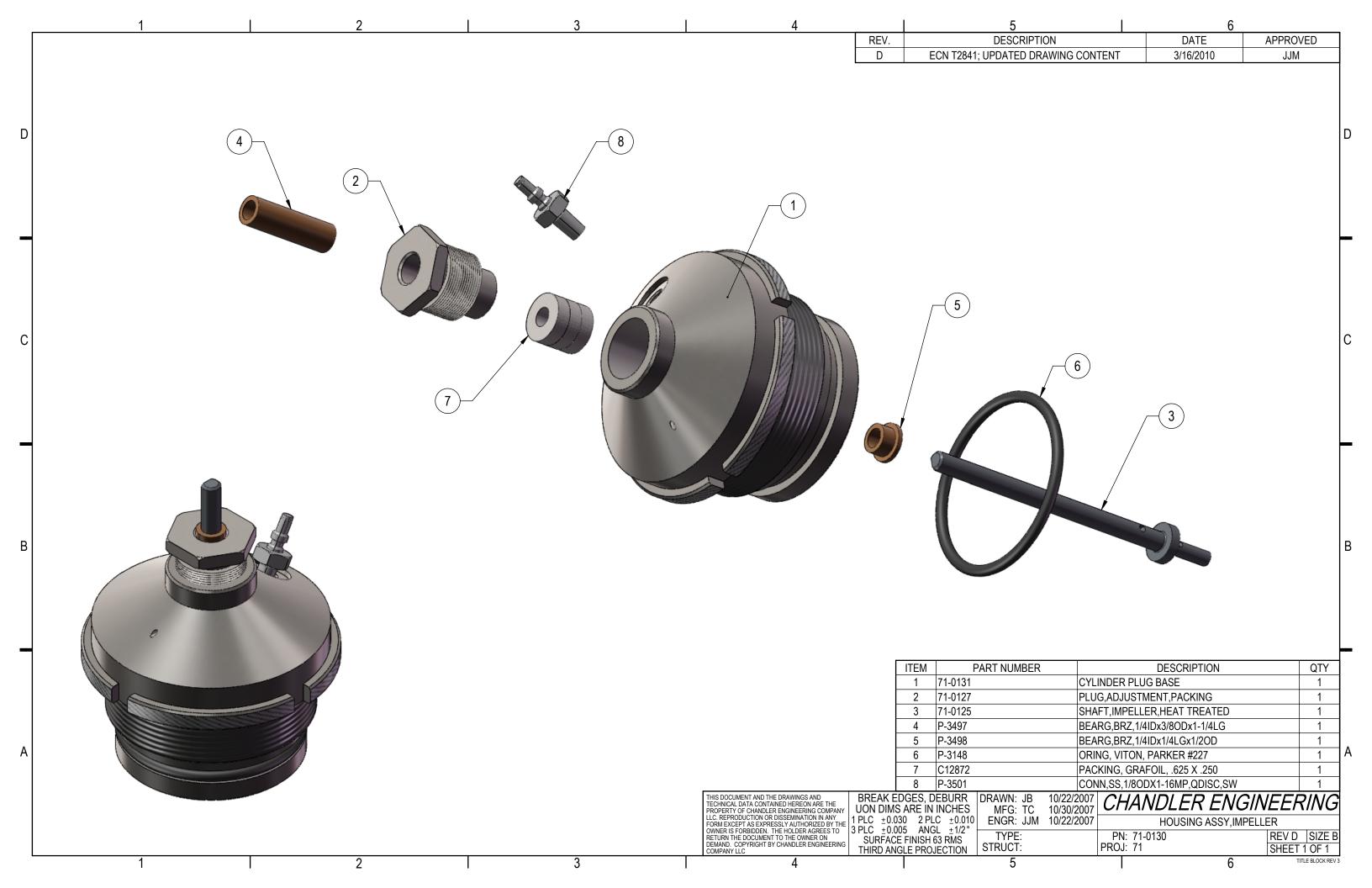
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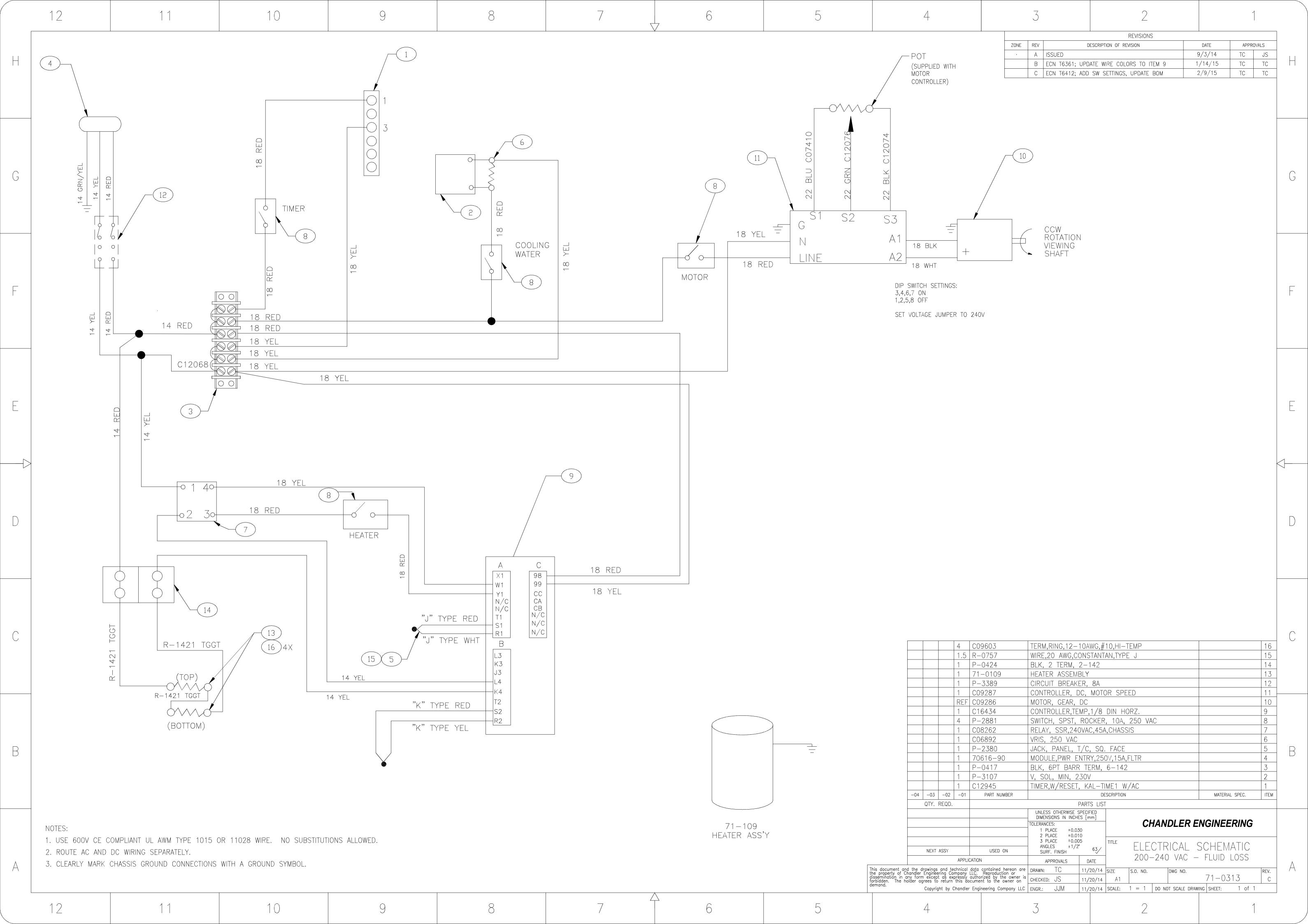


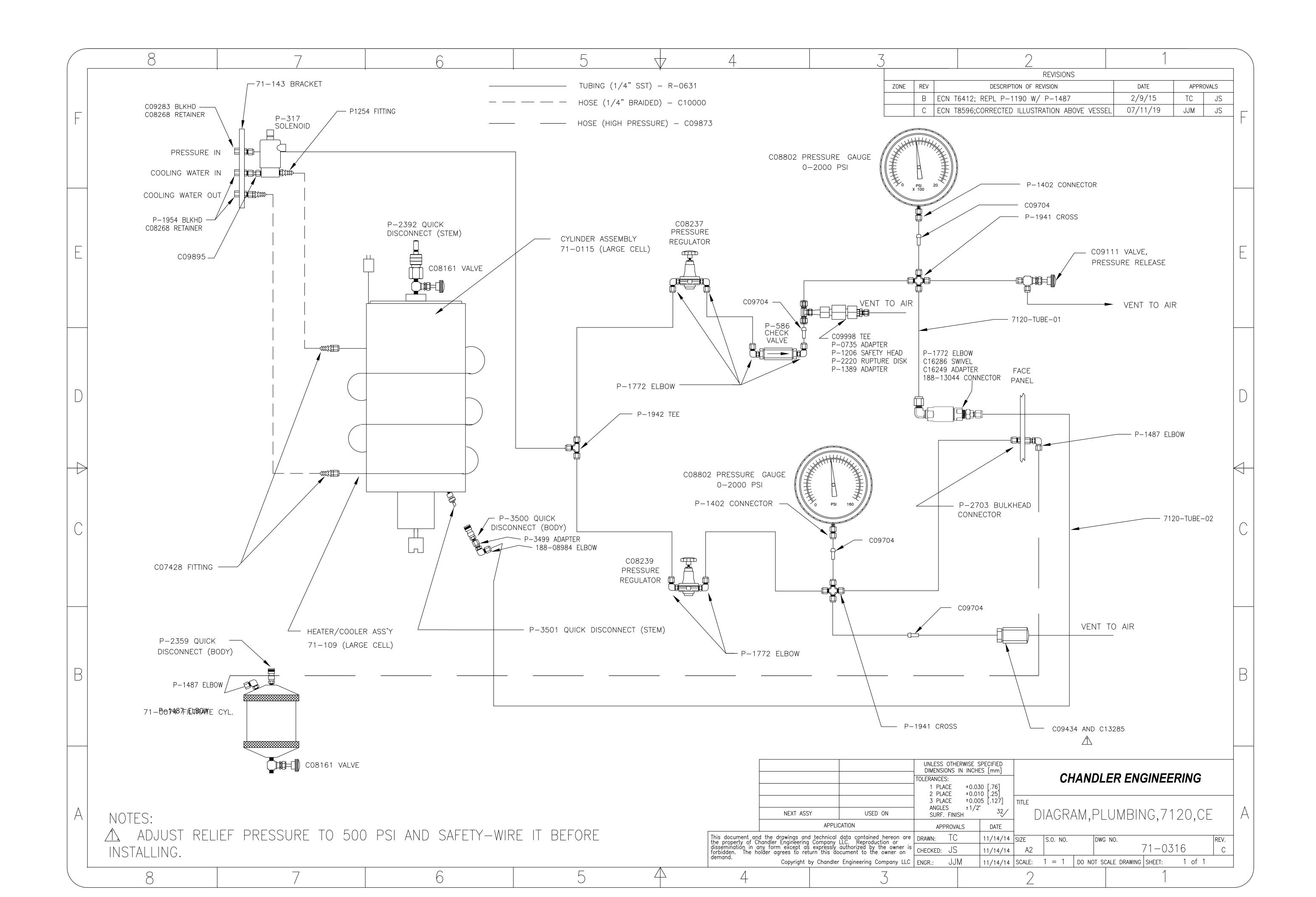












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Model Number	_ Seria	l Num	ber		
Printing Date of this manual (from the Title Pag	je)				
Please circle a response for each of the following	g stateme	ents. U	se:		
(1)= Strongly agree (2) =Agree (3) =Neutral, no	opinion	(4) =	Disagree	(5) =	Strongly disagree
a) The manual is well organized.	1	2	3	4	5
b) I can find the information I want.	2	3	4	5	
c) The information in the manual is accurate.	1	2	3	4	5
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e) The manual contains enough examples. 1	2	3	4	5	
f) The examples are appropriate and helpful.	1	2	3	4	5
g) The manual layout is attractive and useful.	1	2	3	4	5
h) The figures are clear and helpful.	2	3	4	5	
i) The sections I refer to most often are					
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